

NOTICES OF PROPOSED EXEMPT RULEMAKING

This section of the Arizona Administrative Register contains Notices of Proposed Exempt Rulemaking. An agency may be exempt from rulemaking standards outlined in the Arizona Administrative Procedures Act (APA).

An agency's exemption is listed in the Preamble of the rulemaking as specified under: A.R.S. §§ 41-1005 or 41-1057; or a specific statute; or if a rule is promulgated by the Corporation Commission, it is exempt from Attorney General review under a court decision as determined by the Commission.

If an agency determines it is exempt under the law or court decision, the law may still require publication of the Proposed Exempt Rulemaking in this section to solicit and review public comments on the rulemaking.

Some agencies, even though completely exempt, may still elect to follow certain provisions of the APA, such as circulating its exempt rulemaking for comment. If an agency chooses this option, our office encourages filing the notice with our office for publication in the Register.

Please note, if a statute dictates that an agency is completely exempt from the rulemaking process, the agency is authorized to file a Notice of Exempt Rulemaking.

In all cases, an agency must still follow the procedures as established by our office in order to have its rulemaking package published.

The Office of the Secretary of State is the filing office and publisher of these rules. Questions about the interpretation of the proposed exempt rule should be directed to the agency proposing them. Refer to Item #5 of the Preamble to contact the person charged with the rulemaking.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED EXEMPT RULEMAKING

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

[R16-109]

PREAMBLE

Article, Part or Sections Affected (as applicable) R2-20-109

Rulemaking Action Amend

Citations to the agency's statutory rulemaking authority to include the authorizing statute (general) and the implementing statute (specific) and the statute or session law authorizing the exemption:

Authorizing statute: A.R.S. § 16-940, et seq.

Implementing statute and statute authorizing the exemption: A.R.S. §§ 16-941; -942; -956(C); -958.

The Citizens Clean Elections Commission is exempt from Executive Order 15-01 because it is not an agency whose head is appointed by the Governor and is, therefore, exempt.

The effective date of the rule and the agency's reason it selected the effective date:

The amendments may be adopted no earlier than August 23, 2016 If adopted, the rule maybe made retroactive pursuant to A.R.S. § 16-922.

4. A list of all notices published in the Register as specified in R9-1-409(A) that pertain to the record of the exempt rulemaking:

Notice of Proposed Exempt Rulemaking: 22 A.A.R. 1744, July 8, 2016 Notice of Proposed Exempt Rulemaking: 22 A.A.R. 1777, July 15, 2016

The agency's contact person who can answer questions about the rulemaking:

Thomas M. Collins, Executive Director Name: Address: Citizens Clean Elections Commission

1616 W. Adams St., Suite 110

Phoenix, AZ 85007 (602) 364-3477

E-mail: thomas.collins@azcleanelections.gov

An agency's justification and reason why a rule should be made, amended, repealed, or renumbered to include an explanation about the rulemaking:

R2-20-109. Reporting Requirements

Telephone:

The proposal addresses A.R.S. § 16-922 as amended by 2016 Ariz. Laws, Ch. 346, Sec. 2 (52d Legislature 2d Reg. Session). A.R.S. § 16-922 purports to restrict certain action against tax exempt entities. The section has never



received a 3/4ths vote of both houses, neither in its initial adoption or its subsequent amendment. Nor does this section further the purpose of the Act. In deference to the legislative action and to mitigate confusion, the Commission treats such entities as subject to a presumption against penalties under this section. Additionally, this change removes references to A.R.S. § 16-917 which will become outdated and reorganizes the rule for benefit of simplicity by moving issues related to separate regulated entities to separate rules.

7. A reference to any study relevant to the rule that the agency reviewed and either relied on or did not rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule, where the public may obtain or review each study, all data underlying each study, and any analysis of each study and other supporting material:

Not applicable

8. A showing of good cause why the rule is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rulemaking will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:

Not applicable

9. The summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact, if applicable:

Not applicable

10. A description of any changes between the proposed rulemaking, including any supplemental proposed rulemaking, and final rulemaking package, (if applicable):

The proposal addresses A.R.S. § 16-922 as amended by 2016 Ariz. Laws, Ch. 346, Sec. 2 (52d Legislature 2d Reg. Session). A.R.S. § 16-922 purports to restrict certain action against tax exempt entities. The section has never received a 3/4ths vote of both houses, either in its initial adoption or its subsequent amendment. Nor does this section further the purpose of the Act. In deference to the legislative action and to mitigate confusion, the Commission treats such entities as subject to a presumption against penalties under this section. Additionally, this change removes references to A.R.S. 16-917 which will become outdated and reorganizes the rule for benefit of simplicity by moving issues related to separate regulated entities to separate rules.

11. An agency's summary of the public or stakeholder comments made about the rulemaking and the agency response to the comments, if applicable:

The Commission solicits public comment throughout the rulemaking process.

- 12. Any other matters prescribed by statute that are applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules. When applicable, matters shall include, but not be limited to:
 - Whether the rule requires a permit, whether a general permit is used and if not, the reasons why a general permit is not used:

Not applicable

- b. Whether a federal law is applicable to the subject of the rule, whether the rule is more stringent than the federal law and if so, citation to the statutory authority to exceed the requirements of the federal law: Not applicable
- Whether a person submitted an analysis to the agency that compares the rule's impact of the competitiveness of business in this state to the impact on business in other states:

Not applicable

13. A list of any incorporated by reference material and its location in the rules:

Not applicable

14. Whether this rule previously made, amended, repealed or renumbered as an emergency rule. If so, the agency shall state where the text changed between the emergency and the exempt rulemaking packages:

The rule was not previously made, amended, repealed, or renumbered as an emergency rule.

15. The full text of the rules follows:

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

R2-20-109. **Independent Expenditure** Reporting Requirements

A. No change

- B. All participating candidates shall file campaign finance reports that include all receipts and disbursements for their current campaign account as follows:
 - 1. Expenditures for consulting, advising, or other such services to a candidate shall include a detailed description of what is included in the service, including an allocation of services to a particular election. When appropriate, the Commission may treat such expenditures as though made during the general election period.



- 2. If a participating candidate makes an expenditure on behalf of the campaign using personal funds, the candidate's campaign shall reimburse the candidate within seven calendar days of the expenditure. After the 7 day period has passed, the expenditure shall be deemed an in-kind contribution subject to all applicable limits.
- 3. A candidate may authorize an agent to purchase goods or services on behalf of such candidate, provided that:
 - Expenditures shall be reported as of the date that the agent promises, agrees, contracts or otherwise incurs an
 obligation to pay for the goods or services;
 - b. The candidate shall have sufficient funds in the candidate's campaign account to pay for the amount of such expenditure at the time it is made and all other outstanding obligations of the candidate's campaign committee; and
 - e. Within seven calendar days of the date upon which the amount of the expenditure is known, the candidate shall pay such amount from the candidate's campaign account to the agent who purchases the goods or services.
- 4. A joint expenditure is made when two or more candidates agree to share the cost of goods or services. Candidates may make a joint expenditure on behalf of one or more other campaigns, but must be authorized in advance by the other candidates involved in the expenditure, and must be reimbursed within seven days. Participating candidates may participate in joint expenditures for the cost of goods and services with one or more candidates, subject to the following:
 - a. Joint expenditures must be authorized in advance by all candidates sharing in the expenditure and allocated fairly among candidates. An allocated share of a joint expenditure paid by one candidate pursuant to such an agreement must be reimbursed within seven days.
 - b. Any violator of part (a) shall be liable for a penalty pursuant to R2 20 222, in addition to penalties prescribed by any other law.
 - e. If a fairly allocated share of any joint expenditure is not reimbursed to a candidate, the unreimbursed amount of the joint expenditure fairly allocated to that candidate shall be deemed a contribution to that candidate by the campaign committee of the candidate obligated to reimburse the share.
 - d. If a fairly allocated share of any joint expenditure is not reimbursed to a participating candidate, the candidate obligated to reimburse the share shall reimburse the fund for the unreimbursed amount of the joint expenditure fairly allocated to the obligated candidate, in addition to any penalty specified by law.
- 5. For the purposes of the Act and Commission rules, a candidate or campaign shall be deemed to have made an expenditure as of the date upon which the candidate or campaign promises, agrees, contracts or otherwise incurs an obligation to pay for goods or services.

C. Timing of reporting expenditures.

- 1. Except as set forth in subsection (B)(2) above, a participating candidate shall report a contract, promise or agreement to make an expenditure resulting in an extension of credit as an expenditure, in an amount equal to the full future payment obligation, as of the date the contract, promise or agreement is made.
- 2. In the alternative to reporting in accordance with subsection (B)(1) above, a participating candidate may report a contract, promise or agreement to make an expenditure resulting in an extension of credit as follows:
 - a. For a month to month or other such periodic contract or agreement that is terminable by a candidate at will and without any termination penalty or payment, the candidate may report an expenditure, in an amount equal to each future periodic payment, as of the date upon which the candidate's right to terminate the contract or agreement and avoid such future periodic payment elapses.
 - b. For a contract, promise or agreement to provide goods or services during the general election period that is contingent upon a candidate advancing to the general election period, the candidate may report an expenditure, in an amount equal to the general election period payment obligation, as of the date upon which such contingency is satisfied.
 - e. For a contract, promise or agreement to pay rent, utility charges or salaries payable to individuals employed by a candidate's campaign committee as staff, the candidate may report an expenditure, in an amount equal to each periodic payment, as of the date that is the sooner of (i) the date upon which payment is made; or (ii) the date upon which payment is due.

D. Transportation expenses.

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (D), the costs of transportation relating to the election of a participating statewide or legislative office candidate shall not be considered a direct campaign expense and shall not be reported by the candidate as expenditures or as in-kind contributions.
- 2. If a participating candidate travels for campaign purposes in a privately owned automobile, the candidate may:
 - a. Use campaign funds to reimburse the owner of the automobile at a rate not to exceed the state mileage reimbursement rate in which event the reimbursement shall be considered a direct campaign expense and shall be reported as an expenditure and reported in the reporting period in which the expenditure was incurred. If a candidate chooses to use campaign funds to reimburse, the candidate shall keep an itinerary of the trip, including name and type of events(s) attended, miles traveled and the rate at which the reimbursement was made. This subsection applies to candidate owned automobiles in addition to any other automobile.



- b. Use campaign funds to pay for direct fuel purchases for the candidate's automobile only and shall be reported. If a candidate chooses to use campaign funds for direct fuel purchases, the candidate shall keep an itinerary of the trip, including name and type of events(s) attended, miles traveled and the rate at which the reimbursement could have been made.
- 3. Use of airplanes.
 - a. If a participating candidate travels for campaign purposes in a privately owned airplane, within 7 days from the date of travel, the candidate shall use campaign funds to reimburse the owner of the airplane at a rate of \$150 per hour of flying time, in which event the reimbursement shall be considered a direct campaign expense and shall be reported as an expenditure. If the owner of the airplane is unwilling or unable to accept reimbursement, the participating candidate shall remit to the fund an amount equal to \$150 per hour of flying time.
 - b. If a participating candidate travels for campaign purposes in a state owned airplane, within 7 days from the date of travel, the candidate shall use campaign funds to reimburse the state for the portion allocable to the campaign in accordance with subsection 3a, above. The portion of the trip attributable to state business shall not be reimbursed. If payment to the State is not possible, the payment shall be remitted to the Clean Elections Fund.
- 4. If a participating candidate rents a vehicle or purchases a ticket or fare on a commercial carrier for campaign purposes, the actual costs of such rental (including fuel costs), ticket or fare shall be considered a direct campaign expense and shall be reported as an expenditure.
- E. Reports and Refunds of Excess Monies by Participating Candidates
 - 1. In addition to the campaign finance reports filed pursuant to A.R.S. §16-913, participating candidates shall file the following campaign finance reports and dispose of excess monies as follows:
 - a. Prior to filing the application for funding pursuant to A.R.S. §16–950, participating candidates shall file a campaign finance report with the names of the persons who have made qualifying contributions to the candidate.
 - b. At the end of the qualifying period, a participating candidate shall file a campaign finance report consisting of all early contributions received, including personal monies and the expenditures of such monies.
 - i. The campaign finance report shall be filed with the Secretary of State no later than five days after the last day of the qualifying period and shall include all campaign activity through the last day of the qualifying period.
 - ii. If the campaign finance report shows any amount unspent monies, the participating candidate, within five days after filing the campaign finance report, shall remit all unspent contributions to the Fund, pursuant to A.R.S. §16 945(B). Any unspent personal monies shall be returned to the candidate or the candidates' family member within five days.
 - 2. Each participating candidate shall file a campaign finance report consisting of all expenditures made in connection with an election, all contributions received in the election cycle in which such election occurs, and all payments made to the Clean Elections Fund. If the campaign finance report shows any amount unspent, the participating candidate, within five days after filing the campaign finance report, shall send a check from the candidate's campaign account to the Commission in the amount of all unspent monies to be deposited the Fund.
 - a. The campaign finance report for the primary election shall be filed within five days after the primary election day and shall reflect all activity through the primary election day.
 - b. The campaign finance report for the general election shall be considered filed upon the filing of the post general campaign finance report filed in accordance with A.R.S. § 16-913(B)(3).
 - 3. In the event that a participating candidate purchases goods or services from a subcontractor or other vendor through an agent pursuant to subsection (A)(3), the candidate's campaign finance report shall include the same detail as required in A.R.S. § 16-948(C) for each such subcontractor or other vendor. Such detail is also required when petty eash funds are used for such expenditures.
- **FB.** Independent Expenditure Reporting Requirements.
 - 1. No change
 - 2. Any person required to comply with A.R.S. § 16 917 shall provide a copy of the literature and advertisement to the Commission at the same time and in the same manner as prescribed by A.R.S. § 16-917(A) and (B). For purposes of this subsection (F), "literature and advertisement" includes electronic communications, including emails and social media messages or postings, sent to more than 1,000 people.
 - 32. Any person making an independent expenditure on behalf of a candidate, participating or non-participating, and not timely filing a campaign finance report as required by A.R.S. § 16-941(D), A.R.S. § 16-958, or A.R.S. § 16-913 shall be subject to a civil penalty as described in A.R.S. § 16-942(B). An expenditure advocating against one or more candidates shall be considered an expenditure on behalf of any opposing candidate or candidates. This subsection and A.R.S. § 16-942(B) applies to any political committee that accepts contributions or makes expenditures on behalf of any candidate, participating or nonparticipating, regardless of any other contributions taken or expenditures made. Penalties imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed twice the amount of expenditures not reported. The Commission shall make a rebuttable presumption that an entity that claims to be subject to A.R.S. § 16-942(1) is not subject to penalty under A.R.S. § 16-942(B) for failure to file reports under A.R.S. § 16-941 and



- -958. The presumption may be rebutted by a preponderance of the evidence showing the entity is conducted for the purpose of influencing elections. The Commission shall make a rebuttable presumption that an entity that claims to be subject to A.R.S. § 16-922(2) is not subject to penalties under 16-922 for failure to report under A.R.S. 16-913. The presumption may be rebutted by a preponderance of the evidence showing that the entity is conducted for the purpose of influencing elections. Penalties shall be assessed as follows:
- a. No change
- b. No change
- c. No change
- d. No change
- e. Penalties imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed twice the amount of expenditures not reported.
- No change
- 5. No change
 - a. No change
 - b. No change
- 6. No change
- 7. No change
 - a. No change
 - b. No change
 - No change
 - ii. No change
 - iii. No change
- 8. No change
- 9. No change
- 10. No change
- 11. Any entity that has been granted an exemption as of September 11, 2014 is deemed compliant with the requirements of subpart (5) of this subsection (F) for the election cycle ending in 2014.
- 1211. No change
 - a. No change
 - i. No change
 - ii. No change
 - iii. No change
 - (1) No change
 - (2) No change
 - iv. No change
 - v. No change
 - (1) No change
 - (2) No change
 - b. No change
- G. Non-participating Candidate Reporting Requirements and Contribution Limits. Any person may file a complaint with the Commission alleging that any non participating candidate or that candidate's campaign committee has failed to comply with or violated A.R.S. § 16-941(B). Complaints shall be processed as prescribed in Article 2 of these rules. In addition to those penalties outlined in R2-20-222(B), a non-participating candidate or candidate's campaign committee violating A.R.S. § 16-941(B) shall be subject to penalties prescribed in A.R.S. § 16-941(B) and A.R.S. § 16-942(B) and (C) as applicable:
 - 1. Penalties under A.R.S. § 16-942(B):, for a violation by or on behalf of any non-participating candidate or that candidate's campaign committee of any reporting requirement imposed by chapter 6 of title 16, Arizona Revised Statutes, in association with any violation of A.R.S. § 16-941(B):
 - a. For an election involving a candidate for statewide office, the civil penalty shall be \$300 per day.
 - b. For an election involving a legislative candidate, the civil penalty shall be \$100 per day.
 - e. The penalties in (a) and (b) shall be doubled if the amount not reported for a particular election cycle exceeds ten percent (10%) of the applicable one of the adjusted primary election spending limit or adjusted general election spending limit.
 - d. The dollar amounts in items (a) and (b), and the spending limits in item (c) are subject to adjustment of A.R.S. § 16-959.
 - 2. Penalties under A.R.S. § 16-942(C): Where a campaign finance report filed by a non-participating candidate or that candidate's campaign committee indicates a violation of A.R.S. § 16-941(B) that involves an amount in excess of ten percent (10%) of the sum of the adjusted primary election spending limit and the adjusted general election spending limits specified by A.R.S. § 16-961(G) and (H) as adjusted pursuant to A.R.S. § 16-959, that violation shall result in disqualification of a candidate or forfeiture of office.
 - 3. Penalties under A.R.S. § 16-941(B): Regardless of whether or not there is a violation of a reporting requirement, a person who violates A.R.S. § 16-941(B) is subject to a civil penalty of three times the amount of money that has



been received, expended, or promised in violation of A.R.S. § 16-941(B) or three times the value in money for an equivalent of money or other things of value that have been received, expended, or promised in violation of A.R.S. § 16-941(B).

NOTICE OF PROPOSED EXEMPT RULEMAKING

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

[R16-110]

PREAMBLE

1. Article, Part or Sections Affected (as applicable) Rulemaking Action

> R2-20-110 Renumber R2-20-110 Amend

2. Citations to the agency's statutory rulemaking authority to include the authorizing statute (general) and the implementing statute (specific) and the statute or session law authorizing the exemption:
Authorizing statute: A.R.S. § 16-940, et seq.

Implementing statute and statute authorizing the exemption: A.R.S. § 16-956(C).

The Citizens Clean Elections Commission is exempt from Executive Order 15-01 because it is not an agency whose head is appointed by the Governor and is, therefore, exempt.

The effective date of the rule and the agency's reason it selected the effective date:

The proposal may be effective no sooner than August 23, 2015.

A list of all notices published in the Register as specified in R9-1-409(A) that pertain to the record of the exempt rulemaking:

Notice of Proposed Exempt Rulemaking: 22 A.A.R. 1893, July 22, 2016 (in this issue).

The agency's contact person who can answer questions about the rulemaking:

Name: Thomas M. Collins, Executive Director Address: Citizens Clean Elections Commission

1616 W. Adams St., Suite 110

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Telephone: (602) 364-3477 Fax: (602) 364-3487

thomas.collins@azcleanelections.gov E-mail:

6. An agency's justification and reason why a rule should be made, amended, repealed, or renumbered to include an explanation about the rulemaking:

R2-20-110. Participating Candidate Reporting Requirements

The Commission proposes to reorganize the rule by providing a separate section for participating candidate reporting requirements. The Commission is renumbering the existing Section R2-20-110 to R2-20-114.

7. A reference to any study relevant to the rule that the agency reviewed and either relied on or did not rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule, where the public may obtain or review each study, all data underlying each study, and any analysis of each study and other supporting material:

Not applicable

8. A showing of good cause why the rule is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rulemaking will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:

Not applicable

9. The summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact, if applicable:

Not applicable

10. A description of any changes between the proposed rulemaking, including any supplemental proposed rulemaking, and final rulemaking package, (if applicable):

The Commission proposes to reorganize the rule by providing a separate section for participating candidate reporting requirements. The Commission is renumbering the existing Section R2-20-110 to R2-20-114.

11. An agency's summary of the public or stakeholder comments made about the rulemaking and the agency response to the comments, if applicable:

The Commission solicits public comment throughout the rulemaking process.



- 12. Any other matters prescribed by statute that are applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules. When applicable, matters shall include, but not be limited to:
 - a. Whether the rule requires a permit, whether a general permit is used and if not, the reasons why a general permit is not used:

Not applicable

- b. Whether a federal law is applicable to the subject of the rule, whether the rule is more stringent than the federal law and if so, citation to the statutory authority to exceed the requirements of the federal law:

 Not applicable
- c. Whether a person submitted an analysis to the agency that compares the rule's impact of the competitiveness of business in this state to the impact on business in other states:

 Not applicable
- 13. A list of any incorporated by reference material and its location in the rules:

 Not applicable
- 14. Whether this rule previously made, amended, repealed or renumbered as an emergency rule. If so, the agency shall state where the text changed between the emergency and the exempt rulemaking packages:

 The rule was not previously made, amended, repealed, or renumbered as an emergency rule.
- 15. The full text of the rules follows:

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section

R2-20-110. Candidate Campaign Bank Accounts Renumbered

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

R2-20-110. Participating Candidate Reporting Requirements

- All participating candidates shall file campaign finance reports that include all receipts and disbursements for their current campaign account as follows:
 - 1. Expenditures for consulting, advising, or other such services to a candidate shall include a detailed description of what is included in the service, including an allocation of services to a particular election. When appropriate, the Commission may treat such expenditures as though made during the general election period.
 - 2. If a participating candidate makes an expenditure on behalf of the campaign using personal funds, the candidate's campaign shall reimburse the candidate within seven calendar days of the expenditure. After the 7 day period has passed, the expenditure shall be deemed an in-kind contribution subject to all applicable limits.
 - 3. A candidate may authorize an agent to purchase goods or services on behalf of such candidate, provided that:
 - a. Expenditures shall be reported as of the date that the agent promises, agrees, contracts or otherwise incurs an obligation to pay for the goods or services;
 - b. The candidate shall have sufficient funds in the candidate's campaign account to pay for the amount of such expenditure at the time it is made and all other outstanding obligations of the candidate's campaign committee; and
 - c. Within seven calendar days of the date upon which the amount of the expenditure is known, the candidate shall pay such amount from the candidate's campaign account to the agent who purchases the goods or services.
 - 4. A joint expenditure is made when two or more candidates agree to share the cost of goods or services. Candidates may make a joint expenditure on behalf of one or more other campaigns, but must be authorized in advance by the other candidates involved in the expenditure, and must be reimbursed within seven days. Participating candidates may participate in joint expenditures for the cost of goods and services with one or more candidates, subject to the following:
 - a. Joint expenditures must be authorized in advance by all candidates sharing in the expenditure and allocated fairly among candidates. An allocated share of a joint expenditure paid by one candidate pursuant to such an agreement must be reimbursed within seven days.
 - b. Any violator of subsection (a) shall be liable for a penalty pursuant to R2-20-222, in addition to penalties prescribed by any other law.
 - c. If a fairly allocated share of any joint expenditure is not reimbursed to a candidate, the unreimbursed amount of the joint expenditure fairly allocated to that candidate shall be deemed a contribution to that candidate by the campaign committee of the candidate obligated to reimburse the share.



- d. If a fairly allocated share of any joint expenditure is not reimbursed to a participating candidate, the candidate obligated to reimburse the share shall reimburse the fund for the unreimbursed amount of the joint expenditure fairly allocated to the obligated candidate, in addition to any penalty specified by law.
- 5. For the purposes of the Act and Commission rules, a candidate or campaign shall be deemed to have made an expenditure as of the date upon which the candidate or campaign promises, agrees, contracts or otherwise incurs an obligation to pay for goods or services.
- **B.** Timing of reporting expenditures.
 - 1. Except as set forth in subsection (B)(2) above, a participating candidate shall report a contract, promise or agreement to make an expenditure resulting in an extension of credit as an expenditure, in an amount equal to the full future payment obligation, as of the date the contract, promise or agreement is made.
 - 2. In the alternative to reporting in accordance with subsection (B)(1) above, a participating candidate may report a contract, promise or agreement to make an expenditure resulting in an extension of credit as follows:
 - a. For a month-to-month or other such periodic contract or agreement that is terminable by a candidate at will and without any termination penalty or payment, the candidate may report an expenditure, in an amount equal to each future periodic payment, as of the date upon which the candidate's right to terminate the contract or agreement and avoid such future periodic payment elapses.
 - b. For a contract, promise or agreement to provide goods or services during the general election period that is contingent upon a candidate advancing to the general election period, the candidate may report an expenditure, in an amount equal to the general election period payment obligation, as of the date upon which such contingency is satisfied.
 - c. For a contract, promise or agreement to pay rent, utility charges or salaries payable to individuals employed by a candidate's campaign committee as staff, the candidate may report an expenditure, in an amount equal to each periodic payment, as of the date that is the sooner of (i) the date upon which payment is made; or (ii) the date upon which payment is due.
- C. Reports and Refunds of Excess Monies by Participating Candidates
 - 1. In addition to the campaign finance reports filed pursuant to A.R.S. §16-913, participating candidates shall file the following campaign finance reports and dispose of excess monies as follows:
 - a. Prior to filing the application for funding pursuant to A.R.S. §16-950, participating candidates shall file a campaign finance report with the names of the persons who have made qualifying contributions to the candidate.
 - b. At the end of the qualifying period, a participating candidate shall file a campaign finance report consisting of all early contributions received, including personal monies and the expenditures of such monies.
 - i. The campaign finance report shall be filed with the Secretary of State no later than five days after the last day of the qualifying period and shall include all campaign activity through the last day of the qualifying period.
 - ii. If the campaign finance report shows any amount unspent monies, the participating candidate, within five days after filing the campaign finance report, shall remit all unspent contributions to the Fund, pursuant to A.R.S. §16-945(B). Any unspent personal monies shall be returned to the candidate or the candidates' family member within five days.
 - 2. Each participating candidate shall file a campaign finance report consisting of all expenditures made in connection with an election, all contributions received in the election cycle in which such election occurs, and all payments made to the Clean Elections Fund. If the campaign finance report shows any amount unspent, the participating candidate, within five days after filing the campaign finance report, shall send a check from the candidate's campaign account to the Commission in the amount of all unspent monies to be deposited the Fund.
 - a. The campaign finance report for the primary election shall be filed within five days after the primary election day and shall reflect all activity through the primary election day.
 - b. The campaign finance report for the general election shall be considered filed upon the filing of the post-general campaign finance report filed in accordance with A.R.S. § 16-913(B)(3).
 - 3. In the event that a participating candidate purchases goods or services from a subcontractor or other vendor through an agent pursuant to subsection (A)(3), the candidate's campaign finance report shall include the same detail as required in A.R.S. § 16-948(C) for each such subcontractor or other vendor. Such detail is also required when petty cash funds are used for such expenditures.



NOTICE OF PROPOSED EXEMPT RULEMAKING

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

[R16-111]

PREAMBLE

1. Article, Part or Sections Affected (as applicable) **Rulemaking Action**

R2-20-111 Renumber R2-20-111 Amend

2. Citations to the agency's statutory rulemaking authority to include the authorizing statute (general) and the implementing statute (specific) and the statute or session law authorizing the exemption:

Authorizing statute: A.R.S. § 16-940, et seq.

Implementing statute and statute authorizing the exemption: A.R.S. § 16-956(C).

The Citizens Clean Elections Commission is exempt from Executive Order 15-01 because it is not an agency whose head is appointed by the Governor and is, therefore, exempt.

3. The effective date of the rule and the agency's reason it selected the effective date:

The proposal can be effective no earlier than August 23, 2016.

4. A list of all notices published in the Register as specified in R9-1-409(A) that pertain to the record of the exempt rulemaking:

Notice of Proposed Exempt Rulemaking: 22 A.A.R. 1895, July 22, 2016 (in this issue).

5. The agency's contact person who can answer questions about the rulemaking:

Thomas M. Collins, Executive Director Name: Address: Citizens Clean Elections Commission

1616 W. Adams St., Suite 110

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Telephone: (602) 364-3477 Fax: (602) 364-3487

E-mail: thomas.collins@azcleanelections.gov

6. An agency's justification and reason why a rule should be made, amended, repealed, or renumbered to include an explanation about the rulemaking:
R2-20-111. Non-participating Candidate Reporting Requirements and Contribution Limits

The Commission proposes to reorganize the rule by providing a separate section for non-participating candidate reporting requirements and campaign finance limits. Existing Section R2-20-111 is being renumbered to R2-20-115.

The Commission's rulemakings are exempt from Title 41, Ch. 6, Article 3, pursuant to A.R.S. § 16-956.

7. A reference to any study relevant to the rule that the agency reviewed and either relied on or did not rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule, where the public may obtain or review each study, all data underlying each study, and any analysis of each study and other supporting material:

Not applicable

8. A showing of good cause why the rule is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rulemaking will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:

Not applicable

9. The summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact, if applicable:

Not applicable

10. A description of any changes between the proposed rulemaking, including any supplemental proposed rulemaking, and final rulemaking package, (if applicable):

The Commission proposes to reorganize the rule by providing a separate section for non-participating candidate reporting requirements and campaign finance limits. Existing Section R2-20-111 is being renumbered to R2-20-115. There were no Notices of Supplemental Proposed Rulemakings related to this Section, and changes are being made to the subsection R2-20-111(B)(1) only.

11. An agency's summary of the public or stakeholder comments made about the rulemaking and the agency response to the comments, if applicable:

The Commission solicits public comment throughout the rulemaking process.



- 12. Any other matters prescribed by statute that are applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules. When applicable, matters shall include, but not be limited to:
 - a. Whether the rule requires a permit, whether a general permit is used and if not, the reasons why a general permit is not used:

Not applicable

- b. Whether a federal law is applicable to the subject of the rule, whether the rule is more stringent than the federal law and if so, citation to the statutory authority to exceed the requirements of the federal law:

 Not applicable
- c. Whether a person submitted an analysis to the agency that compares the rule's impact of the competitiveness of business in this state to the impact on business in other states:

 Not applicable
- 13. A list of any incorporated by reference material and its location in the rules:

Not applicable

14. Whether this rule previously made, amended, repealed or renumbered as an emergency rule. If so, the agency shall state where the text changed between the emergency and the exempt rulemaking packages:

The rule was not previously made, amended, repealed, or renumbered as an emergency rule.

15. The full text of the rules follows:

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section

R2-20-111. Books and Records Non-participating Candidate Reporting Requirements and Contribution Limits

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

R2-20-111. Books and Records Non-participating Candidate Reporting Requirements and Contribution Limits

- A. All eandidates shall maintain, at a single location within the state, the books and records of financial transactions, and other information required by A.R.S. § 16-904.
- **B.** All candidates shall ensure that the books and records of accounts and transactions of the candidate are recorded and preserved as follows:
 - 1. The treasurer of a candidate's campaign committee is the custodian of the candidate's books and records of accounts and transactions, and shall keep a record of all of the following:
 - a. All contributions or other monies received by or on behalf of the candidate.
 - b. The identification of any individual or political committee that makes any contribution together with the date and amount of each contribution and the date of deposit into the candidate's campaign bank account.
 - e. Cumulative totals contributed by each individual or political committee.
 - d. The name and address of every person to whom any expenditure is made, and the date, amount and purpose or reason for the expenditure.
 - e. All periodic bank statements or other statements for the candidate's campaign bank account.
 - f. In the event that the campaign committee uses a petty cash account the candidate's campaign finance report shall include the same detail for each petty cash expenditure as required in ARS 16-948(C) for each vendor.
 - 2. No expenditure may be made for or on behalf of a candidate without the authorization of the treasurer or his or her designated agent.
 - 3. Unless specified by the contributor or contributors to the contrary, the treasurer shall record a contribution made by check, money order or other written instrument as a contribution by the person whose signature or name appears on the bottom of the instrument or who endorses the instrument before delivery to the candidate. If a contribution is made by more than one person in a single written instrument, the treasurer shall record the amount to be attributed to each contributor as specified.
 - 4. All contributions other than in-kind contributions and qualifying contributions must be made by a check drawn on the account of the actual contributor or by a money order or a cashier's check containing the name of the actual contributor or must be evidenced by a written receipt with a copy of the receipt given to the contributor and a copy maintained in the records of the candidate.
 - 5. The treasurer shall preserve all records set forth in subsection (B) and copies of all campaign finance reports required to be filed for three years after the filing of the campaign finance report covering the receipts and disbursements evidenced by the records.



- 6. If requested by the attorney general, the county, city or town attorney or the filing officer, the treasurer shall provide any of the records required to be kept pursuant to this Section.
- C. Any request to inspect a candidate's records under A.R.S. § 16-958(F) shall be sent to the candidate, with a copy to the Commission, 10 or more days before the proposed date of the inspection. If the request is made within two weeks before the primary or general election, the request shall be delivered at least two days before the proposed date of inspection. Every request shall state with reasonable particularity the records sought.
 - 1. The inspection shall occur at a location agreed upon by the candidate and the person making the request. If no agreement can be reached, the inspection shall occur at the Commission office. The inspection shall occur during the Commission's regular business hours and shall be limited to a two-hour time period.
 - 2. The requesting party may obtain copies of records for a reasonable fee. The Commission shall not be responsible for making copies. The person in possession of the records shall produce copies within a reasonable time of the receipt of the copying request and fees.
 - 3. The Commission will not permit public inspection of records if it determines that the inspection is for harassment purposes.
 - 4. If a person who requests to inspect a candidate's records under A.R.S. § 16-958(F) is denied such a request, the requesting party may notify the Commission. The Commission may enforce the public inspection request by issuing a subpoena pursuant to A.R.S. § 16-956(B) for the production of any books, papers, records, or other items sought in the public inspection request. The subpoena shall order the candidate to produce:
 - a. All papers, records, or other items sought in the public inspection request;
 - b. No later than two business days after the date of the subpoena; and
 - e. To the Commission's office during regular business hours.
 - 5. Any person who believes that a candidate or a candidate's campaign committee has not complied with this Section may appeal to Superior Court.
- Any person may file a complaint with the Commission alleging that any non-participating candidate or that candidate's campaign committee has failed to comply with or violated A.R.S. § 16-941(B). Complaints shall be processed as prescribed in Article 2 of these rules. In addition to those penalties outlined in R2-20-222(B), a non-participating candidate or candidate's campaign committee violating A.R.S. § 16-941(B) shall be subject to penalties prescribed in A.R.S. § 16-941(B) and A.R.S. § 16-942(B) and (C) as applicable:
- B. Penalties under A.R.S. § 16-942(B) and (C) as applicable:

 Penalties under A.R.S. § 16-942(B), for a violation by or on behalf of any non-participating candidate or that candidate's campaign committee of any reporting requirement imposed by chapter 6 of title 16, Arizona Revised Statutes, in association with any violation of A.R.S. § 16-941(B):
 - 1. For an election involving a candidate for statewide office, the civil penalty shall be \$300 per day.
 - 2. For an election involving a legislative candidate, the civil penalty shall be \$100 per day.
 - 3. The penalties in (B)(1) and (B)(2) shall be doubled if the amount not reported for a particular election cycle exceeds ten percent (10%) of the applicable one of the adjusted primary election spending limit or adjusted general election spending limit.
 - 4. The dollar amounts in items (B)(1) and (B)(2), and the spending limits in item (B)(3) are subject to adjustment of A.R.S. § 16-959.
- C. Penalties under A.R.S. § 16-942(C): Where a campaign finance report filed by a non-participating candidate or that candidate's campaign committee indicates a violation of A.R.S. § 16-941(B) that involves an amount in excess of ten percent (10%) of the sum of the adjusted primary election spending limit and the adjusted general election spending limits specified by A.R.S. § 16-961(G) and (H) as adjusted pursuant to A.R.S. § 16-959, that violation shall result in disqualification of a candidate or forfeiture of office.
- D. Penalties under A.R.S. § 16-941(B): Regardless of whether or not there is a violation of a reporting requirement, a person who violates A.R.S. § 16-941(B) is subject to a civil penalty of three times the amount of money that has been received, expended, or promised in violation of A.R.S. § 16-941(B) or three times the value in money for an equivalent of money or other things of value that have been received, expended, or promised in violation of A.R.S. § 16-941(B).

NOTICE OF PROPOSED EXEMPT RULEMAKING

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

[R16-112]

PREAMBLE

1. Article, Part or Sections Affected (as applicable)
R2-20-114

R2-20-114 R2-20-114 Rulemaking Action
Renumber

New Section



2. Citations to the agency's statutory rulemaking authority to include the authorizing statute (general) and the implementing statute (specific) and the statute or session law authorizing the exemption:

Authorizing statute: A.R.S. § 16-940, et seq.

Implementing statute and statute authorizing the exemption: A.R.S. § 16-956(C).

The Citizens Clean Elections Commission is exempt from Executive Order 15-01 because it is not an agency whose head is appointed by the Governor and is, therefore, exempt.

3. The effective date of the rule and the agency's reason it selected the effective date:

The proposal may be effective no sooner than August 23, 2015.

4. A list of all notices published in the *Register* as specified in R9-1-409(A) that pertain to the record of the exempt rulemaking:

Notice of Proposed Exempt Rulemaking: 22 A.A.R. 1888, July 22, 2016 (in this issue).

5. The agency's contact person who can answer questions about the rulemaking:

Name: Thomas M. Collins, Executive Director

Address: Citizens Clean Elections Commission

1616 W. Adams St., Suite 110

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Telephone: (602) 364-3477 Fax: (602) 364-3487

E-mail: thomas.collins@azcleanelections.gov

6. An agency's justification and reason why a rule should be made, amended, repealed, or renumbered to include an explanation about the rulemaking:

R2-20-114. Candidate Campaign Bank Accounts

This proposed change renumbers former R2-20-110 to R2-20-114.

7. A reference to any study relevant to the rule that the agency reviewed and either relied on or did not rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule, where the public may obtain or review each study, all data underlying each study, and any analysis of each study and other supporting material:

Not applicable

8. A showing of good cause why the rule is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rulemaking will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:

Not applicable

9. The summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact, if applicable:

Not applicable

10. A description of any changes between the proposed rulemaking, including any supplemental proposed rulemaking, and final rulemaking package, (if applicable):

This proposal renumbers R2-20-110.

11. An agency's summary of the public or stakeholder comments made about the rulemaking and the agency response to the comments, if applicable:

The Commission solicits public comment throughout the rulemaking process.

- 12. Any other matters prescribed by statute that are applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules. When applicable, matters shall include, but not be limited to:
 - a. Whether the rule requires a permit, whether a general permit is used and if not, the reasons why a general permit is not used:

Not applicable

b. Whether a federal law is applicable to the subject of the rule, whether the rule is more stringent than the federal law and if so, citation to the statutory authority to exceed the requirements of the federal law:

Not applicable

<u>Whether a person submitted an analysis to the agency that compares the rule's impact of the competitiveness of business in this state to the impact on business in other states:</u>

Not applicable

13. A list of any incorporated by reference material and its location in the rules:

Not applicable

14. Whether this rule previously made, amended, repealed or renumbered as an emergency rule. If so, the agency shall state where the text changed between the emergency and the exempt rulemaking packages:

The rule was not previously made, amended, repealed, or renumbered as an emergency rule.



15. The full text of the rules follows:

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section

R2-20-114. Candidate Campaign Bank Accounts

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

R2-20-114. Candidate Campaign Bank Accounts

- A. Each participating candidate shall designate a single campaign bank account for conducting campaign financial activity.

 During an election cycle, each participating and nonparticipating candidate shall conduct all campaign financial activities through a single, current election campaign bank account and any petty cash accounts as are permitted by law.
- B. A participating candidate may maintain a campaign bank account other than the current election campaign bank account described in subsection (A) if the other campaign bank account is for a campaign in a prior election cycle in which the candidate was not a participating candidate.
- C. During the exploratory period, a candidate may receive debt-retirement contributions for a campaign during a prior election cycle if the funds are deposited in the bank account for that prior campaign. A candidate shall not deposit debt-retirement contributions into the current election campaign bank accounts.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED EXEMPT RULEMAKING

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

[R16-113]

PREAMBLE

1. Article, Part or Sections Affected (as applicable)

Renumber
New Section

R2-20-115 R2-20-115

2. Citations to the agency's statutory rulemaking authority to include the authorizing statute (general) and the implementing statute (specific) and the statute or session law authorizing the exemption:

Authorizing statute: A.R.S. § 16-940, et seq.

Implementing statute and statute authorizing the exemption: A.R.S. § 16-956(C).

The Citizens Clean Elections Commission is exempt from Executive Order 15-01 because it is not an agency whose head is appointed by the Governor and is, therefore, exempt.

3. The effective date of the rule and the agency's reason it selected the effective date:

The proposal may be effective no sooner than August 23, 2016.

4. A list of all notices published in the *Register* as specified in R9-1-409(A) that pertain to the record of the exempt rulemaking:

Notice of Proposed Exempt Rulemaking: 22 A.A.R. 1891, July 22, 2016 (in this issue).

5. The agency's contact person who can answer questions about the rulemaking:

Name: Thomas M. Collins, Executive Director Address: Citizens Clean Elections Commission

1616 W. Adams St., Suite 110

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Telephone: (602) 364-3477 Fax: (602) 364-3487

E-mail: thomas.collins@azcleanelections.gov

6. An agency's justification and reason why a rule should be made, amended, repealed, or renumbered to include an explanation about the rulemaking:

R2-20-115. Books and Records Requirements

This proposed change renumbers former R2-20-111 to R2-20-115.



- 7. A reference to any study relevant to the rule that the agency reviewed and either relied on or did not rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule, where the public may obtain or review each study, all data underlying each study, and any analysis of each study and other supporting material:

 Not applicable
- 8. A showing of good cause why the rule is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rulemaking will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:

 Not applicable
- 9. The summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact, if applicable:
 Not applicable
- 10. A description of any changes between the proposed rulemaking, including any supplemental proposed rulemaking, and final rulemaking package, (if applicable):

 This proposal renumbers R2-20-111.
- 11. An agency's summary of the public or stakeholder comments made about the rulemaking and the agency response to the comments, if applicable:

The Commission solicits public comment throughout the rulemaking process.

- 12. Any other matters prescribed by statute that are applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules. When applicable, matters shall include, but not be limited to:
 - a. Whether the rule requires a permit, whether a general permit is used and if not, the reasons why a general permit is not used:

Not applicable

- b. Whether a federal law is applicable to the subject of the rule, whether the rule is more stringent than the federal law and if so, citation to the statutory authority to exceed the requirements of the federal law:

 Not applicable
- whether a person submitted an analysis to the agency that compares the rule's impact of the competitiveness of business in this state to the impact on business in other states:
 Not applicable
- 13. A list of any incorporated by reference material and its location in the rules:

 oNot applicable
- 14. Whether this rule previously made, amended, repealed or renumbered as an emergency rule. If so, the agency shall state where the text changed between the emergency and the exempt rulemaking packages:

oThe rule was not previously made, amended, repealed, or renumbered as an emergency rule.

15. The full text of the rules follows:

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section

<u>R2-20-115.</u> <u>Books and Records Requirements</u>

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

R2-20-115. Books and Records Requirements

- All candidates shall maintain, at a single location within the state, the books and records of financial transactions, and other information required by A.R.S. § 16-904.
- **B.** All candidates shall ensure that the books and records of accounts and transactions of the candidate are recorded and preserved as follows:
 - 1. The treasurer of a candidate's campaign committee is the custodian of the candidate's books and records of accounts and transactions, and shall keep a record of all of the following:
 - a. All contributions or other monies received by or on behalf of the candidate.
 - b. The identification of any individual or political committee that makes any contribution together with the date and amount of each contribution and the date of deposit into the candidate's campaign bank account.
 - c. Cumulative totals contributed by each individual or political committee.
 - d. The name and address of every person to whom any expenditure is made, and the date, amount and purpose or reason for the expenditure.
 - e. All periodic bank statements or other statements for the candidate's campaign bank account.



- f. In the event that the campaign committee uses a petty cash account the candidate's campaign finance report shall include the same detail for each petty cash expenditure as required in ARS 16-948(C) for each vendor.
- 2. No expenditure may be made for or on behalf of a candidate without the authorization of the treasurer or his or her designated agent.
- 3. Unless specified by the contributor or contributors to the contrary, the treasurer shall record a contribution made by check, money order or other written instrument as a contribution by the person whose signature or name appears on the bottom of the instrument or who endorses the instrument before delivery to the candidate. If a contribution is made by more than one person in a single written instrument, the treasurer shall record the amount to be attributed to each contributor as specified.
- 4. All contributions other than in-kind contributions and qualifying contributions must be made by a check drawn on the account of the actual contributor or by a money order or a cashier's check containing the name of the actual contributor or must be evidenced by a written receipt with a copy of the receipt given to the contributor and a copy maintained in the records of the candidate.
- 5. The treasurer shall preserve all records set forth in subsection (B) and copies of all campaign finance reports required to be filed for three years after the filing of the campaign finance report covering the receipts and disbursements evidenced by the records.
- 6. If requested by the attorney general, the county, city or town attorney or the filing officer, the treasurer shall provide any of the records required to be kept pursuant to this Section.
- C. Any request to inspect a candidate's records under A.R.S. § 16-958(F) shall be sent to the candidate, with a copy to the Commission, 10 or more days before the proposed date of the inspection. If the request is made within two weeks before the primary or general election, the request shall be delivered at least two days before the proposed date of inspection. Every request shall state with reasonable particularity the records sought.
 - 1. The inspection shall occur at a location agreed upon by the candidate and the person making the request. If no agreement can be reached, the inspection shall occur at the Commission office. The inspection shall occur during the Commission's regular business hours and shall be limited to a two-hour time period.
 - 2. The requesting party may obtain copies of records for a reasonable fee. The Commission shall not be responsible for making copies. The person in possession of the records shall produce copies within a reasonable time of the receipt of the copying request and fees.
 - 3. The Commission will not permit public inspection of records if it determines that the inspection is for harassment purposes.
 - 4. If a person who requests to inspect a candidate's records under A.R.S. § 16-958(F) is denied such a request, the requesting party may notify the Commission. The Commission may enforce the public inspection request by issuing a subpoena pursuant to A.R.S. § 16-956(B) for the production of any books, papers, records, or other items sought in the public inspection request. The subpoena shall order the candidate to produce:
 - a. All papers, records, or other items sought in the public inspection request;
 - b. No later than two business days after the date of the subpoena; and
 - c. To the Commission's office during regular business hours.
 - 5. Any person who believes that a candidate or a candidate's campaign committee has not complied with this Section may appeal to Superior Court.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED EXEMPT RULEMAKING

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

[R16-114]

PREAMBLE

1. Article, Part or Sections Affected (as applicable)
R2-20-702
Rulemaking Action
Amend

2. The statutory authority for the rulemaking, including both the authorizing statute (general) and the statutes the rules are implementing (specific):

Authorizing statute: A.R.S. § 16-940, et seq. Implementing statute: A.R.S. § 16-956(C).

3. The effective date of the rules:

The proposal can be effective no sooner than August 23, 2016.

4. A list of all previous notices appearing in the Register addressing the exempt rule:

Notice of Proposed Exempt Rulemaking: 22 A.A.R. 1883, July 22, 2016 (in this issue).



The name and address of agency personnel with whom persons may communicate regarding the rulemaking:

Thomas M. Collins, Executive Director Name:

Address: Citizens Clean Elections Commission

1616 W. Adams St., Suite 110

Phoenix, AZ 85007 Telephone: (602) 364-3477 (602) 364-3487

E-mail: thomas.collins@azcleanelections.gov

An explanation of the rule, including the agency's reasons for initiating the rule, including the statutory citation to the exemption from regular rulemaking procedures:

R2-20-702. Use of Campaign Funds

Adds a new provision (moved from R2-20-109(D)) that addresses the use of Clean Funding for transportation expenses.

7. A reference to any study relevant to the rule that the agency reviewed and either relied on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule or did not rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule, where the public may obtain or review each study, all data underlying each study, and any analysis of each study and other supporting material:

Not applicable

Fax:

8. A showing of good cause why the rule is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rule will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:

Not applicable

The summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact:

Not applicable

10. A description of the changes between the proposed rules, including supplemental notices, and final rules (if applicable):

Not applicable

11. A summary of the comments made regarding the rule and the agency response to them:

The Commissioners solicited public comment throughout the rulemaking process.

The Commissioners considered the rule in open meetings and took actions they deemed appropriate.

12. Any other matters prescribed by statute that are applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules:

Not applicable

13. Incorporations by reference and their location in the rules:

Not applicable

14. Whether this rule previously made, amended, repealed or renumbered as an emergency rule. If so, the agency shall state where the text changed between the emergency and the exempt rulemaking packages: Not applicable

15. The full text of the rules follows:

TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20. CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS COMMISSION

ARTICLE 7. USE OF FUNDS AND REPAYMENT

Section

R2-20-702. Use of Campaign Funds

ARTICLE 7. USE OF FUNDS AND REPAYMENT

R2-20-702. **Use of Campaign Funds**

- A. No change
- **B.** No change
- C. No change
- **D.** No change
- E. No change
- No change F.
- **G.** Transportation expenses.



- 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (D), the costs of transportation relating to the election of a participating statewide or legislative office candidate shall not be considered a direct campaign expense and shall not be reported by the candidate as expenditures or as in-kind contributions.
- 2. If a participating candidate travels for campaign purposes in a privately owned automobile, the candidate may:
 - a. Use campaign funds to reimburse the owner of the automobile at a rate not to exceed the state mileage reimbursement rate in which event the reimbursement shall be considered a direct campaign expense and shall be reported as an expenditure and reported in the reporting period in which the expenditure was incurred. If a candidate chooses to use campaign funds to reimburse, the candidate shall keep an itinerary of the trip, including name and type of events(s) attended, miles traveled and the rate at which the reimbursement was made. This subsection applies to candidate owned automobiles in addition to any other automobile.
 - b. Use campaign funds to pay for direct fuel purchases for the candidate's automobile only and shall be reported. If a candidate chooses to use campaign funds for direct fuel purchases, the candidate shall keep an itinerary of the trip, including name and type of events(s) attended, miles traveled and the rate at which the reimbursement could have been made.
- 3. Use of airplanes.
 - a. If a participating candidate travels for campaign purposes in a privately owned airplane, within 7 days from the date of travel, the candidate shall use campaign funds to reimburse the owner of the airplane at a rate of \$150 per hour of flying time, in which event the reimbursement shall be considered a direct campaign expense and shall be reported as an expenditure. If the owner of the airplane is unwilling or unable to accept reimbursement, the participating candidate shall remit to the fund an amount equal to \$150 per hour of flying time.
 - b. If a participating candidate travels for campaign purposes in a state-owned airplane, within 7 days from the date of travel, the candidate shall use campaign funds to reimburse the state for the portion allocable to the campaign in accordance with subsection 3a, above. The portion of the trip attributable to state business shall not be reimbursed. If payment to the State is not possible, the payment shall be remitted to the Clean Elections Fund.
- 4. If a participating candidate rents a vehicle or purchases a ticket or fare on a commercial carrier for campaign purposes, the actual costs of such rental (including fuel costs), ticket or fare shall be considered a direct campaign expense and shall be reported as an expenditure.