

NOTICES OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

Unless exempted by A.R.S. § 41-1005, each agency shall begin the rulemaking process by 1st submitting to the Secretary of State's Office a Notice of Rulemaking Docket Opening followed by a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking that contains the preamble and the full text of the rules. The Secretary of State's Office publishes each Notice in the next available issue of the *Register* according to the schedule of deadlines for *Register* publication. Due to time restraints, the Secretary of State's Office will no longer edit the text of proposed rules. We will continue to make numbering and labeling changes as necessary.

Under the Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. § 41-1001 et seq.), an agency must allow at least 30 days to elapse after the publication of the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in the *Register* before beginning any proceedings for adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule. A.R.S. §§ 41-1013 and 41-1022.

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TITLE 4. PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS

CHAPTER 23. BOARD OF PHARMACY

PREAMBLE

1. **Sections Affected**

R4-23-901	<u>Rulemaking Action</u>
R4-23-1001	Amend
R4-23-1003	Amend
R4-23-1005	Amend
R4-23-1006	Amend
2. **The specific authority for the rulemaking, including both the authorizing statute (general) and the statutes the rules are implementing (specific):**

Authorizing statutes: A.R.S. §§ 32-1904(A)(1), 32-1904(B)(14), and 36-2521.
Implementing statutes: A.R.S. §§ 36-2512(B), 36-2513(B), 36-2514(B), 36-2515(B), and 36-2523(A) and (B).
3. **A list of all previous notices appearing in the Register addressing the proposed rule:**

Notice of Rulemaking Docket Opening: 5 A.A.R. 1232, April 30, 1999.
4. **The name and address of agency personnel with whom persons may communicate regarding the rule:**

Name: Dean Wright, Compliance Officer
Address: Board of Pharmacy
5060 N. 19th Ave., Suite 101
Phoenix, AZ 85015
Telephone: (602) 255-5125, Ext. 131
Fax: (602) 255-5740
E-mail: rxcop@uswest.net
5. **An explanation of the rule, including the agency's reasons for initiating the rule:**

During the 5-year rule review in 1997, the Board identified these sections of rule for necessary amending to improve clarity, conciseness, and understandability. In addition, subsection R4-23-1003(A) needed additional language to better clarify the recordkeeping requirements for a controlled substance inventory.

Section R4-23-901 is amended to include proper citations and remove outdated terminology. Section R4-23-1001 is amended to remove outdated terminology and improve clarity. Section R4-23-1003(A)(1) clarifies the controlled substance inventory requirements and the rest of the section receives necessary grammar, style, and format changes to produce a clear, concise, and understandable document. Section R4-23-1005 receives necessary grammar, style, and format changes to produce a clear, concise, and understandable document. Section R4-23-1006 receives minor style

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changes and updated citations to produce a clear, concise, and understandable document.

The Board believes that making these rules will benefit the public health and safety by establishing clear standards for controlled substances, drug offenses, and penalties.

6. **A reference to any study that the agency proposes to rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule and where the public may obtain or review the study, all data underlying each study, any analysis of the study, and other supporting material:**

Not applicable.

7. **A showing of good cause why the rule is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rule will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:**

Not applicable.

8. **The preliminary summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact:**

The rule will have no economic impact except the cost to the Board of Pharmacy and the Secretary of State for writing and publishing the rule. The changes do not impose anything new. The rule clarifies existing requirements. The rule does not impose any costs on small business or consumers.

9. **The name and address of agency personnel with whom persons may communicate regarding the accuracy of the economic, small business, and consumer impact statement:**

Name: Dean Wright, Compliance Officer

Address: Board of Pharmacy
5060 N. 19th Ave., Suite 101
Phoenix, AZ 85015

Telephone: (602) 255-5125, Ext. 131

Fax: (602) 255-5740

E-Mail: rxcop@uswest.net

10. **The time, place, and nature of the proceedings for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of the rule or, if no proceeding is scheduled, where, when, and how persons may request an oral proceeding on the proposed rule:**

Comments may be written or presented orally. Written comments must be received by 5 p.m., Monday, November 8, 1999. An oral proceeding is scheduled for:

Date: November 8, 1999

Time: 10 a.m.

Location: 5060 N. 19th Ave., Suite 101
Phoenix, AZ 85015

A person may request information about the oral proceeding by contacting the person listed above.

11. **Any other matters prescribed by statute that are applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules:**

Not applicable.

12. **Incorporations by reference and their location in the rules:**

None.

13. **The full text of the rules follows:**

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CHAPTER 23. BOARD OF PHARMACY

ARTICLE 9. PENALTIES AND MISCELLANEOUS

Section
R4-23-901. Penalty for Violations

ARTICLE 10. UNIFORMED CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND DRUG OFFENSES

Section

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- R4-23-1001. Character and Fingerprint Identification Required
- R4-23-1003. Records and Order Forms
- R4-23-1005. Substances Excepted from the Schedules of Controlled Substances
- R4-23-1006. Substances Excepted from Drug Offenses

ARTICLE 9. PENALTIES AND MISCELLANEOUS

R4-23-901. Penalty for Violations

Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of ~~these regulations~~ A.A.C. Title 4, Chapter 23 shall be subject to the penalties in A.R.S. § 32-1996, ~~as amended and effective August 11, 1970~~. In addition, persons licensed and permits issued under the provisions of the Pharmacy Act shall be subject to suspension or revocation for violations of ~~these regulations~~ A.A.C. Title 4, Chapter 23.

ARTICLE 10. UNIFORMED CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND DRUG OFFENSES

R4-23-1001. Character and Fingerprint Identification Required

~~Information concerning character and fingerprint identification shall be furnished~~ At the request of the Board, ~~for persons a person~~ responsible for ordering, storing, handling, distributing, or directly dispensing controlled substances ~~shall furnish at their expense information concerning character and fingerprint identification to show that each the person is of good moral character and has not violated laws and regulations~~ statutes or rules pertaining to drugs or devices.

R4-23-1003. Records and Order Forms

A. Records

1. ~~Inventory upon change of pharmacist in charge. An inventory of all controlled substances shall be taken by a pharmacist in charge~~ A change of the pharmacist-in-charge of any pharmacy requires a complete inventory of all controlled substances. The incoming pharmacist-in-charge shall take an inventory of all controlled substances within 10 days of assuming such responsibility. This inventory and any other required controlled substance inventory shall:
 - a. Include an exact count of all CII controlled substances;
 - b. Include an exact count of all CIII through CV controlled substances or an estimated count if the stock container contains less than 1001 units;
 - c. Indicate the date and time, either open or close of business, the inventory is taken;
 - d. Be signed by:
 - i. The pharmacist-in-charge; or
 - ii. For other required inventories, the pharmacist who does the inventory;
 - e. Be kept separately from all other records; and
 - f. Be available in the pharmacy for inspection by the Board or its designee for not less than 3 years.
2. ~~Reporting losses of controlled substances.~~ Losses of controlled substances shall be reported within 10 days by the pharmacist-in-charge to the federal Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), the Narcotic Division of the Department of Public Safety (DPS) and the Board of Pharmacy. A copy of the report shall be kept on file by the ~~registrant~~ pharmacy permittee. The report shall show whether the police investigated the loss.
3. ~~Records of receipts and disposal of controlled substances.~~
 - a. Every person manufacturing any controlled substances, including ~~the~~ repackaging and relabeling ~~thereof~~, shall prepare and retain the date of manufacture for each ~~drug~~ controlled substance manufactured.
 - ~~4.b.~~ Every person selling, delivering, or otherwise disposing of any controlled substance shall prepare or obtain and retain for not less than ~~three~~ 3 years the following information:
 - a.i. An adequate record of the kind and quantity of each ~~drug~~ controlled substance received, sold, delivered, or otherwise disposed of;
 - b.ii. The name, and address, and DEA registration number of the person from whom it was each controlled substance is received;
 - c.iii. The name, and address, and DEA registration number of the person to whom it was each controlled substance is sold, delivered or otherwise disposed of; and
 - d.iv. The date of each transaction.

B. Order form. For purposes of A.R.S. § 36-2524, "Order Form" means DEA Form 222c.

R4-23-1005. Substances Excepted from the Schedules of Controlled Substances

- A. ~~Excepted over the counter drugs.~~** A list of all over-the-counter non-narcotic substances containing limited amounts of controlled substances which are excepted from prescription requirements and which are excluded from all schedules may be obtained from the Office of the Arizona State Board of Pharmacy and is on file in the Office of the Secretary of State.
- B. ~~Excepted chemical preparations.~~** A chemical preparation or mixture meeting the following requirements is excepted from all schedules:
 1. It is intended for accredited laboratory, industrial, educational, or special research purposes ~~and~~ ;

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2. ~~It is not intended for general administration to a human being or other animal, and which ;~~

3. It contains:

- a. ~~Contains~~ No narcotic controlled substance and is packaged in such a form or concentration that the package quantity does not present any significant potential for abuse; or
- b. ~~Contains~~ Either a narcotic or non-narcotic controlled substance and 1 or more adulterating or denaturing agents mixed in ~~such~~ a manner, combination, quantity, proportion, or concentration; to insure that the ~~preparations~~ preparation or ~~mixtures~~ mixture ~~do~~ does not present any potential for abuse; and the narcotic ~~substances~~ controlled substance cannot in practice be removed; and

42. ~~Are~~ It is exempt by federal law.

- C. ~~Exempted prescription only drugs.~~ All prescription-only drugs which ~~have been~~ are exempted by 21 C.F.R. § 1308.32 are ~~hereby~~ exempted from all schedules of controlled substances.

R4-23-1006. Substances Exempted from Drug Offenses

The following materials, compounds, mixtures, or preparations containing any stimulant or depressant substance included in A.R.S. §§ 13-3401(6)(b) or 13-3401(6)(c) are exempted from the definition of dangerous drugs under the authority of A.R.S. § 32-1904(B)(~~1214~~):

1. The over-the-counter drugs excepted in ~~A.C.R.R.~~ A.A.C. R4-23-1005(A).
2. The chemical preparations excepted in ~~A.C.R.R.~~ A.A.C. R4-23-1005(B).
3. The prescription-only drugs excepted in ~~A.C.R.R.~~ A.A.C. R4-23-1005(C).

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TITLE 12. NATURAL RESOURCES

CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

PREAMBLE

1. **Sections Affected**

R12-4-102	<u>Rulemaking Action</u>
R12-4-102	Repeal
R12-4-203	New Section
R12-4-203	Repeal
R12-4-203	New Section
2. **The specific authority for the rulemaking, including both the authorizing statute (general) and the statutes the rules are implementing (specific):**

Authorizing statute: A.R.S. § 17-231(A)(1)
Implementing statute: A.R.S. §§ 17-333, 17-333.03, 17-245
3. **A list of all previous notices appearing in the Register addressing the proposed rule:**

Notice of Rulemaking Docket Opening: 5 A.A.R. 3000, September 3, 1999.
4. **The name and address of agency personnel with whom persons may communicate regarding the rulemaking:**

Name:	Susan L. Alandar, Rules Section Manager
Address:	Game and Fish Department 2221 West Greenway Road, DORR Phoenix, AZ 85023-4399
Fax:	(602) 789-3677
5. **An explanation of the rule, including the agency's reasons for initiating the rule:**

R12-4-102. Fees for Licenses, Tags, Stamps, and Permits

This rule prescribes fees, within statutory confines, to cover necessary Department expenditures. The Game and Fish Department receives no appropriation from the State General Fund, but is supported by those fees prescribed in this rule; license fees are the major source of funding.

The majority of license fees have been at ceiling since January 1, 1991. Fees for most big game tags have been established since 1983. It became apparent with the 1998 biannual budget request that the agency could not maintain operations 3 years out without an increase in license fees. The Game and Fish Commission therefore made the decision to

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introduce legislation to raise the ceiling on fees. That legislation died in committee at the vote, but the sportsmen in the state took up the cause. The Wildlife Conservation Advisory Council decided it was important enough to show their support as “payers.” Because of this the legislation, House Bill 2015, did pass.

In developing the proposal to implement the new legislation, the agency determined that it was most logical to propose going to the maximum allowed on all fees possible, rather than in small increments. This will give the Department the revenue base it needs when it needs it. When increases were made incrementally prior to 1991, buyers showed resistance to “continually increasing” prices by buying less licenses as long as the increases were ongoing. A one-time increase will decrease this continual “buyer resistance” affect. There should also be some assurance that another increase will not be needed for another 10 years. The effective date for the proposed license fee increases would be January 1, 2001, which is 10 years from the last license fee increase. Hunt permit-tags, which are issued through the big game drawing, would increase effective July 1, 2000 (again, the last increase for most of these was in 1983.)

Most licenses are valid for a calendar year, and go on sale months before the year for which they are valid. This makes it essential to do rulemaking as quickly as possible, to enact final fees far enough in advance to order license forms, print information for the public and license dealers who sell hunting and fishing licenses, and make adjustments in internal support processes to ensure a smooth transition within the normal framework of business operations. The rulemaking schedule the agency has embarked upon should result in final action by the Commission in January of 2000, with review by the Governor’s Regulatory Review Council in early April 2000. This will mean the new fees will be finalized before the Commission’s traditional April meeting when the majority of hunting seasons are established and permit levels are set. It will allow the Department to gain much-needed revenue in the last half of the year 2000, as fees for big game tags will be increased July 1, 2000, in time for the big game drawing, when many hunters will also purchase their hunting license for the calendar year 2001.

In addition to addressing licenses and tags, the legislation also amended A.R.S. § 17-345 to add license classes to which surcharges may be added. Up to \$2 may be added to Class A, B, C, D, F, G, H, or I licenses. Monies collected under this authority must be segregated from other fees and deposited in the conservation development fund. Currently, surcharges are paid basically by trout anglers, although improvements from the monies collected benefit all customers. (It is applied to the trout stamp and combination license only; it is not applied to the Class A fishing license, even though currently authorized.) With a view to ongoing and future Department facility development needs, the agency is proposing surcharges be added to all licenses authorized. This also ensures equity between user groups. These surcharges would be implemented with license fee increases effective January 1, 2001.

A discussion of each fee change follows.

License Fees

Class A general fishing license. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(1) with a ceiling of \$12 resident, \$38 nonresident. The fee is currently set at \$12 resident, \$38 nonresident. This fee became effective January 1, 1991. There is no surcharge on this license even though it is authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345. The new ceiling is set at \$16 resident, \$49.50 nonresident. The new fee, including the \$2 added surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345, is proposed at \$18 resident, \$40 nonresident. Pursuant to a new provision within A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(1), the fee for this license issued in November or December is 1/2 price. The proposed rule clarifies that this applies to licenses purchased in November or December of the year for which the license is valid, and establishes that the reduction includes 1/2 of the surcharge prescribed as authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345. This is necessary to meet the spirit of the law establishing the “half price” sale during the last 2 months of the license year.

Class B Nonresident general Four-month Fishing License. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(3), with a ceiling of \$27.50, the fee is set at \$22; it became effective in December 1992. (Legislation authorizing this license and fee became effective October 31, 1992.) The new ceiling is \$35.50. The new fee, including the \$2 added surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345, is proposed at \$37.50.

Class C Five-day Fishing License. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(4), with a ceiling of \$18.50 for non-residents only. Current fee is set at \$18.50, which became effective January 1, 1991. The new ceiling is \$24. The new fee, including the \$2 added surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345, is proposed at \$26.

Class D One-day Fishing License. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(5), with a ceiling of \$8 resident or nonresident. The current fee is set at \$8. This was established on January 1, 1991. The new ceiling is \$10.50. The new fee, including the \$2 added surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345, is proposed at \$12.50.

Class E Colorado River Only Fishing License. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(7), to nonresidents only at \$32.50. The current fee is \$32.50, established January 1, 1991. The new ceiling is \$42.50. The new fee is pro-

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posed at \$42.50. There is no surcharge authorized for this license.

Class F Combination General Hunting and Fishing License. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(8) at \$32 resident, \$135.50 nonresident. Current fee established by R12-4-102(A)(6), is \$34 resident adult, \$100 nonresident adult, and \$18 for resident or nonresident youth (effective January 1, 1997); this includes a \$2 surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345. The new ceilings are \$42 resident, \$175.50, nonresident. The new fees, including the \$2 added surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345, are proposed at \$44 resident, \$177.50 nonresident adult, and \$25.50 for resident or nonresident youth. The special youth price is intended to encourage youths to hunt and fish, which is essential for the future of wildlife management. The price is based upon and tied to the new proposed fee for the Class G general hunting license. A youth purchasing a combination license pays the cost for a hunting license and receives “free” the authority to fish.

Class G General Hunting License. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(10), at \$18 resident, \$85.50 nonresident. The current fee of \$18 resident and \$85.50 nonresident became effective January 1, 1991. The new ceiling is \$23.50 resident, \$111.50 nonresident. The new fee, including the \$2 added surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345, is proposed at \$25.50 resident, \$113.50 nonresident.

Class H Three-day Hunting License. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(11) at \$38 for nonresidents only. Current fee is \$38. This fee was established January 1, 1991. The new ceiling is \$49.50. The new fee, including the \$2 added surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345, is proposed at \$51.50.

Urban Fishing License. Authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(9), at \$14 resident or nonresident, the fee at R12-4-102(A)(11) is \$12, established September 15, 1982. Since 1985 this license has remained at the same \$12 rate. The Commission is (as of September 1999) currently undergoing rulemaking to increase the fee to \$14 effective January 1, 2000. The 1999 legislation increased the ceiling to \$16. The new fee, which does not include a surcharge, is proposed at \$16 effective January 1, 2001.

Hunt Permit-tag Fees

R12-4-101 defines “hunt permit-tag” as a tag for a hunt for which the Commission has assigned a hunt number. R12-4-114 (C) provides that a hunt number be assigned whenever the number of hunt permits must be limited, and a hunt permit-tag is then required to hunt in that season. The only way a hunt permit-tag can be obtained is through a drawing. R12-4-104 establishes the procedures for applying for a hunt permit-tag. Applicants must remit the fees for the tag at the time they apply for the drawing. Since these are specific to hunting seasons and not issued on a calendar year basis, the agency is proposing that the effective date for changes for these fees be July 1, 2000. This will bring in much-needed revenue for the year 2000. However, Section 8 of the new legislation says “...the Arizona Game and Fish Commission shall not increase fees before July 1, 2000 by more than 2/3 of the increase increment authorized by this act.” To meet the *intent* of that portion of the new legislation, the agency proposes to increase these tags by only 2/3 of the increase increment authorized, even though the increase will not become effective *before* July 1, 2000.

Antelope tag. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(17) at \$50 resident, \$250 nonresident. The resident fee has been in effect since January 1, 1984, when it was increased by \$10 to the current \$50; the nonresident fee was last increased January 1, 1983, when it went up \$100 to the current \$250. The new legislation at (A) (18) increases the ceiling to \$65 resident, \$325 nonresident. The proposed new fee is \$59.50 resident, \$299.50 nonresident.

Bear tag. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(14), at \$11 resident, \$150 nonresident. This fee became effective January 1, 1989, when the resident fee increased \$3.50 to \$11, and the nonresident fee increased \$99.50 to \$150 (The Legislature changed the ceiling for this fee in 1987.) The new legislation at (A)(15) increases the ceiling to \$14.50 resident, \$200 nonresident. The proposed new fee is \$13 resident, \$183 nonresident.

Bighorn Sheep tag. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(19) at \$150 resident, \$750 nonresident. Both fees became effective January 1, 1983, when the resident fee was raised by \$75 to \$150, and the nonresident fee by \$375 to \$750. The new legislation at (A)(20) increases the ceiling to \$195 resident, \$1,000 nonresident. The proposed new fee is \$179.50 resident, \$915 nonresident.

Deer tag. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(16) at \$14.50 resident, \$75.50 nonresident. Fees have remained unchanged since 1983. The new legislation at (A)(17) increases the ceiling to \$19.50 resident, \$125.50 nonresident. The proposed new fee is \$17.50 resident, \$108.50 nonresident.

Elk tag. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(18), at \$60 resident, \$300 nonresident. The resident fee became effective January 1, 1984, when it was increased by \$10 to 60. The nonresident fee was last increased January 1, 1983, when it was increased by \$100 to 300. The new legislation at (A)(19) increases the ceiling to \$78 resident, \$400 nonresident. The proposed new fee is \$71.50 resident, \$366 nonresident.

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Javelina tag. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(12), at \$9.50 resident and \$50.50 nonresident. This fee was set on January 1, 1983, when the resident fee was increased \$2 to \$9.50 and the nonresident fee was increased \$25 to \$50.50. The new legislation at (A)(13) increases the ceiling to \$12.50, resident, \$70 nonresident. (It is noted that the new legislation increases the nonresident archery javelina tag to \$75.00. The agency has determined it appropriate to maintain tradition and keep the prices the same for archery tags as for “general” tags.) The proposed new fee is \$11 resident, \$63 nonresident.

Mountain Lion tag. As for the bear, the 1987 Legislature increased the statutory fee for this big game species. The fee authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(15), is \$11 resident, \$150 nonresident. This fee was increased effective January 1, 1989, to the current \$11 resident, \$150 nonresident. The new legislation at (A)(16) increases the ceiling to \$14.50 resident, \$200 nonresident. The proposed new fee is \$13 resident, \$183 nonresident.

Turkey tag. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(13), at \$8.50 resident, \$50.50 nonresident. This fee became effective January 1, 1984, when the resident tag was increased \$1.50 to \$8.50. The last increase for the nonresident fee was January 1, 1983, when it increased \$25 to \$50.50. The new legislation at (A)(14) increases the ceiling to \$11 resident, but retains the \$50.50 price for nonresident, except that the nonresident price for the archery tag was increased to \$75. The agency has determined it appropriate to maintain tradition and keep the prices the same for archery tags as for “general” tags. The proposed new fee is \$10 resident, with no change to the \$50.50 price for nonresident.

Nonpermit-Tag Fees

Nonpermit-tags, defined in R12-4-101, are sold “over the counter” for big game hunts for which permits are not limited. There are actually few of these hunts at present: archery-only deer and turkey seasons, and general and archery-only seasons for bear and mountain lion. Changing the price for these tags mid-year is not feasible due to cost to the Department for reprinting and re-issuing these tags to license dealers as well as Department offices. Since these tags are not hunt-specific (several hunts may be established within a season order) it would also mean that persons who bought their tags earlier in the year would pay a lower price to participate in the same seasons as those who purchased their tags later.

To avoid these concerns, the agency has proposed to leave the price for nonpermit-tags unchanged until January 1, 2001, when they will increase to the same price as those for hunt permit-tags. This will be the 1st time there has ever been a cost differential between these tags, and it will be temporary. However, the temporary cost differential has made it necessary to list non-permit tags separately within R12-4-102, which has also not been done before. All big game tags are listed, even though it is unlikely that nonpermit-tags will be offered for most big game species in the year 2000 or thereafter. This was determined necessary in order to retain the Commission’s needed wildlife management flexibility as it establishes seasons and determines whether or not to limit permits available for each season. Having a price established for nonpermit-tags does not mean the Department will have to make the tags available, unless the Commission establishes a season for which they would be valid and necessary.

For a discussion and history on each tag, see previous narrative on hunt permit-tags. The only difference is the proposed effective date, which is January 1, 2001, instead of July 1, 2000 as proposed for hunt permit-tag fee changes.

Stamps and Special Use Permit Fees

State waterfowl stamp. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(31), at \$5.50. The law requiring a state waterfowl stamp, A.R.S. § 17-333(01), was passed by the 1986 Legislature; all proceeds from the stamp go to the Waterfowl Conservation Fund. The fee became effective July 1, 1987. The new legislation at (A)(32) increases the ceiling to \$7.50. The proposed new fee is \$7.50. A.R.S. § 17-333(01) says “The Commission shall issue state waterfowl stamps annually, expiring from and after June 30.” Since this is a fiscal-year license, the new fee is proposed to become effective on July 1, 2000.

State migratory bird stamp. This is a new stamp created by the new legislation. (See related amendments to R12-4-203.) The fee is set at A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(33), at \$3. A.R.S. § 17-333(03) requires that these be issued annually, expiring from and after June 30 of each year. Since this is a fiscal-year license, the \$3 fee is proposed to become effective on July 1, 2000.

Trout stamp. Authorized by § 17-333(A)(2), with a current ceiling of \$8 resident, \$38 nonresident. The fee is currently \$10 for either resident or nonresident. This fee includes a \$2 surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345. The new legislation increases the ceiling to \$10.50 resident, \$49.50 nonresident. The proposed new fee is \$71.50 resident, \$366 nonresident. The new fee, including the \$2 added surcharge authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345, is proposed at \$12.50 resident, \$51.50 nonresident.

Permit application fee. Currently authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(30), at \$3; set at \$3 by R12-4-102(A)(30).

This is charged to applicants applying for a hunt permit-tag through the drawing and is essentially for paying the cost of the drawing. This fee has been in place since at least 1982. The new legislation increases the ceiling to \$5. The proposed new fee is \$5 and would become effective on July 1, 2000, as it is needed to implement the big game drawing in the year 2000.

R12-4-203. National Harvest Information Program (HIP)

This rule requires that persons taking migratory birds in the state of Arizona demonstrate compliance with the mandatory U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program. The general authority of A.R.S. § 17-231(A)(1) and the specific authority of A.R.S. §§ 17-333, 17-333.01, and 17-333.03 authorize this rule.

The Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program (Program) was developed as a cooperative effort between state wildlife agencies and the USFWS to obtain more accurate, comparable data on the harvest of migratory game birds. Accurate harvest data is a vital tool for management of wildlife populations. Since migratory game bird populations occur in several states and countries, data must be collected throughout the annual range of the population. Although all states collect some type of harvest data, differences in methodology did not allow compilation of regional or national totals, nor direct comparison. The federal Program, enacted in final rule on August 18, 1995, and revised as final rule on September 1, 1998, was created in order to address this problem.

The Program requires all licensed migratory game bird hunters to participate in the program by (1) supplying their names, addresses, and information on past and anticipated migratory bird hunting activity to the hunting licensing authority of the state in which they hunt and (2) possessing evidence of Program participation through a "Program validation" which is either printed on or attached to the annual state hunting license or its supplementary equivalent. In Arizona, the Game and Fish Department is required to gather the harvest information and forward it to the USFWS on a monthly basis, and to provide migratory bird hunters with "Program validation."

The USFWS conducts the harvest surveys using a stratified random sample of hunters based upon the hunters' responses regarding their hunting activity the previous year. The selected hunters receive a questionnaire on current harvest by period (month), area (county), and species or group of species harvested. The responses are compiled and statewide harvest estimates developed. When this information is combined with harvest data from other states and countries (including Canada and Mexico) within the range of any given population, the total harvest pressure on that population can be determined. The harvest data in conjunction with population survey data will facilitate adjustment of hunting regulations commensurate with population status and objectives. Because all states will be collecting comparable data, hunt regulations can also be adjusted to achieve equitable sharing of the resource among the various states, provinces and nations.

In compliance with Program requirements, the Game and Fish Department adopted R12-4-203, which became effective July 1, 1997. This current rule creates a Harvest Information Program (HIP) stamp or code number that is provided at no charge to migratory bird hunters by the Department. To obtain a HIP stamp or code number the migratory bird hunter must provide the Department with the hunter's name, address, and information on past and anticipated migratory bird hunting activity; this information is recorded on a HIP registration form. Through this rule all federal program participation requirements for Arizona and Arizona migratory bird hunters are met.

In 1999, through the passage of HB 1015, A.R.S. § 17-333 was revised and A.R.S. § 17-333.03 was added to create a new state migratory bird stamp, effective July 1, 2000. Like the existing state waterfowl stamp, which requires all hunters, 16 years of age or older, of ducks, geese, or swans to have a state validation for the taking of ducks, geese, or swans, the new state migratory bird stamp will require all hunters, 16 years of age or older, of doves, band-tailed pigeons, snipe, coots, common moorhen, or blue grouse to have a state validation for these birds. With the addition of the state migratory bird stamp, all Arizona migratory bird hunters, 16 years of age or older, will now be required to have a state validation (either the state waterfowl stamp or the state migratory bird stamp), in addition to the state required hunting license.

This means that under the current R12-4-203, without any rule changes, migratory bird hunters would be required to have all of the following:

1. Hunters of doves, band-tailed pigeons, snipe, coots, common moorhen, or blue grouse would be required to have a valid Class F, G, or H, complimentary or lifetime license, a valid state migratory bird stamp, and a HIP stamp/code number;
2. Hunters of ducks, geese, or swans would be required to have a valid Class F, G, or H, complimentary or lifetime license, a valid state waterfowl stamp, and a HIP stamp/code number; and
3. Hunters of ducks, geese, or swans and doves, band-tailed pigeons, snipe, coots, common moorhen, or blue grouse would be required to have a valid Class F, G, or H, complimentary or lifetime license, a valid state waterfowl

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stamp, a valid state migratory bird stamp, and a HIP stamp/code number.

In evaluating the new legislation, it was determined that since all migratory birds will now be covered under the 2 state stamps, a separate HIP stamp is no longer necessary. Therefore, the proposed rulemaking would eliminate the current Harvest Information Program stamp/code number and would use the required state waterfowl stamp and/or migratory bird stamp as federal Program validation for migratory bird hunters. Under the proposed rule, effective July 1, 2000:

1. Hunters of doves, band-tailed pigeons, snipe, coots, common moorhen, or blue grouse would be required to have a valid Class F, G, or H, complimentary or lifetime license and a valid state migratory bird stamp;
2. Hunters of ducks, geese, or swans would be required to have a valid Class F, G, or H, complimentary or lifetime license and a valid state waterfowl stamp; and
3. Hunters of ducks, geese, or swans and doves, band-tailed pigeons, snipe, coots, common moorhen, or blue grouse would be required to have a valid Class F, G, or H, complimentary or lifetime license, a valid state waterfowl stamp, and a valid state migratory bird stamp.

The stamps would be available from all Department offices and license dealers and would be sold with a 1 page, easy to complete HIP registration form on which the hunter provides the hunter's name, address, and information on past and anticipated migratory bird hunting activity. The HIP registration forms would be collected by the seller and sent to the Arizona Game and Fish Department's Wildlife Management Game Management Branch for transmittal to the USFWS.

This proposed rulemaking would reduce the regulatory burden on Arizona migratory bird hunters and ensure Arizona's continued compliance with all federal requirements of the Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program.

6. A reference to any study that the agency proposes to rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the proposed rule and where the public may obtain or review the study, all data underlying each study, any analysis of the study and other supporting material:

None.

7. A showing of good cause why the rule is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rule will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:

Not applicable.

8. The preliminary summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact:

R12-4-102. Fees for Licenses, Tags, Stamps, and Permits.

The last increase for the majority of these license fees occurred in 1991, 10 years before the projected effective date for the new increases. Most tag prices have not changed since 1983-84. Budget projections show that the Department will be operating at a deficit in 3 years without fee increases, with negative impact on wildlife management in Arizona. License fee increases will allow the Department to continue programs and operations. The surcharges, which go into the Conservation Development Fund, will allow the Department to address long-term capitol development and improvement needs.

R12-4-203. National Harvest Information Program (HIP)

The proposed rulemaking would benefit the approximately 70,000 migratory bird hunters in Arizona. The overall regulatory burden on the migratory bird hunters would be reduced by (1) allowing them to use the state waterfowl stamp and the state migratory bird stamp to demonstrate federal Program compliance and (2) having them provide migratory bird harvest information on a HIP registration form at the time of stamp purchase from License Dealer outlets or Department offices. This benefit would outweigh any inconveniences to the migratory bird hunter caused by eliminating the use of the telephone as a means of providing HIP registration information or by increasing the stamp sales transaction time due to the completion of the HIP registration form.

The proposed rulemaking would also affect more than 400 Arizona License Dealers. Since completion of the HIP registration form would be a requirement for the purchase of the state waterfowl and state migratory bird stamps, the HIP registration form would be considered part of the license inventory a License Dealer must carry pursuant to A.A.C. R12-4-103(G). The License Dealer would be required to give the HIP registration form to and collect the completed HIP registration form from the migratory bird hunter as a prerequisite of sale of the state waterfowl stamp and the state migratory bird stamp, and to submit the HIP registration to the Department on a monthly basis. Costs borne by the License Dealers to store, track, and mail the forms would be reimbursed to the License Dealer through the revenue received from the sale of the state waterfowl stamp and the new state migratory bird stamp; 5% of sale

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price under A.R.S. § 17-338.

The rulemaking would also benefit the Department through administrative cost savings of approximately \$50,000. All Arizonans, including all migratory bird hunters, would also benefit by ensuring continued compliance with federal regulations created to improve the overall management of migratory game bird populations.

The agency is also soliciting input on the accuracy of this summary. Please provide your input to the agency contact person named in question #5.

9. The name and address of agency personnel with whom persons may communicate regarding the accuracy of the economic, small business, and consumer impact statement:

R12-4-102. Fees for Licenses, Tags, Stamps, and Permits

Name: Steve K. Ferrell, Deputy Director
Address: Game and Fish Department, DOHQ
2221 West Greenway Road
Phoenix, AZ 85023-4399
Telephone: (602) 789-3276

R12-4-203. National Harvest Information Program (HIP)

Name: Tice Supplee, Game Branch Chief
Address: Game and Fish Department, WMGB
2221 West Greenway Road
Phoenix, AZ 85023-4399
Telephone: (602) 789-3350

10. The time, place, and nature of the proceedings for the making, amendment, or repeal of the rule; or, if no proceeding is scheduled, where, when, and how persons may request an oral proceeding on the proposed rule:

Written comments may be submitted through November 19, 1999, to:

Name: Susan L. Alandar, Rules Section Manager
Address: Game and Fish Department
2221 West Greenway Road, DORR
Phoenix, AZ 85023-4399
Fax: (602) 789-3677

Public hearings on the proposed rules will be held:

Date: Tuesday, November 9, 1999
Time: 6 p.m.
Location: Arizona State Office Complex
400 West Congress, Room 158
Tucson, AZ
Date: Wednesday, November 10, 1999
Time: 6 p.m.
Location: Wyndham Garden Hotel
2641 West Union Hills Drive
Phoenix, AZ
Date: Monday, November 15, 1999
Time: 6 p.m.
Location: Game and Fish Department
3500 Lake Mary Road
Flagstaff, AZ

The Arizona Game and Fish Commission will hold an additional public hearing and may take action to amend the

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rules on:

Date: Friday, January 21, 2000
Time: 9:30 a.m.
Location: Game and Fish Department, Wildlife Building
Arizona State Fairgrounds
McDowell and 17th Avenue
Phoenix, AZ

Persons with a disability may request a reasonable accommodation, such as a sign language interpreter, or this document in an alternative format, by contacting the AGFD Deputy Director, 2221 West Greenway Road, Phoenix, Arizona 85023, (602) 789-3290. Requests should be made as early as possible to allow sufficient time to arrange for accommodation.

11. Any other matters prescribed by statute that are applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules:

Not applicable.

12. Incorporations by reference and their location in the rules:

Not applicable.

13. The full text of the rules follows:

TITLE 12. NATURAL RESOURCES

CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sections

R12-4-102. Fees for Licenses, Tags, Stamps, and Permits

ARTICLE 2. MISCELLANEOUS LICENSES AND PERMITS

Sections

R12-4-203. National Harvest Information Program (HIP)

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

R12-4-102. Fees for Licenses, Tags, Stamps, and Permits

Persons purchasing the licenses, tags, stamps, or permits listed in this section shall pay the prescribed fees at the time of application.

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	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2000 (Current Fee)</u>	<u>Fee effective July 1, 2000</u>	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2001</u>
<u>Hunting and Fishing License Fees</u>			
<u>Class A, General Fishing License</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$12.00</u>	<u>\$12.00</u>	<u>\$18.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$38.00</u>	<u>\$38.00</u>	<u>\$51.50</u>
<u>Pursuant to A.R.S. § 17-333(A)(1), the fee for this license issued in November or December of the year for which the license is valid is 1/2 price; that includes 1/2 of the surcharge prescribed as authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345.</u>			
<u>Class B, Four-month Fishing License</u>			
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$22.00</u>	<u>\$22.00</u>	<u>\$37.50</u>
<u>Class C, Five-day Fishing License</u>			
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$18.50</u>	<u>\$18.50</u>	<u>\$26.00</u>
<u>Class D, One-day Fishing License</u>			
• <u>Resident or Nonresident</u>	<u>\$8.00</u>	<u>\$8.00</u>	<u>\$12.50</u>
<u>Class E, Colorado River Only Fishing License</u>			
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$32.50</u>	<u>\$32.50</u>	<u>\$42.50</u>
<u>Class F, Combination Hunting and Fishing License</u>			
• <u>Resident Adult</u>	<u>\$34.00</u>	<u>\$34.00</u>	<u>\$44.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident Adult</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$177.50</u>
• <u>Resident or Nonresident Youth. Fee applies before and through the calendar year of the applicant's 20th birthday.</u>	<u>\$18.00</u>	<u>\$18.00</u>	<u>\$25.50</u>
<u>Class G, General Hunting License</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$18.00</u>	<u>\$18.00</u>	<u>\$25.50</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$85.50</u>	<u>\$85.50</u>	<u>\$113.50</u>
<u>Class H, Three-day Hunting License</u>			
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$38.00</u>	<u>\$38.00</u>	<u>\$51.50</u>

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	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2000 (Current Fee)</u>	<u>Fee effective July 1, 2000</u>	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2001</u>
<u>Resident Youth Group Two-day Fishing License</u>	<u>\$25.00</u>	<u>\$25.00</u>	<u>\$25.00</u>
* <u>Urban Fishing License</u>			
• <u>Resident or Nonresident</u>	<u>\$14.00</u>	<u>\$14.00</u>	<u>\$16.00</u>
<i>*rulemaking pending: would go from \$12 to \$14 Jan. 1 2000. If not adopted, the 1st and 2nd columns at the right would reflect the current price of \$12 in the final rule.</i>	<i>see note on left</i>		
<u>Hunt Permit-tag Fees</u>			
<u>Antelope</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$50.00</u>	<u>\$59.50</u>	<u>\$59.50</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$250.00</u>	<u>\$299.50</u>	<u>\$299.50</u>
<u>Bear</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$11.00</u>	<u>\$13.00</u>	<u>\$13.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>	<u>\$183.00</u>	<u>\$183.00</u>
<u>Bighorn Sheep</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>	<u>\$179.50</u>	<u>\$179.50</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$750.00</u>	<u>\$915.00</u>	<u>\$915.00</u>
<u>Buffalo</u>			
• <u>Adult Bulls or Any Buffalo</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$750.00</u>	<u>\$750.00</u>	<u>\$750.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$3,750.00</u>	<u>\$3,750.00</u>	<u>\$3,750.00</u>
• <u>Adult Cows</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$450.00</u>	<u>\$450.00</u>	<u>\$450.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$2,250.00</u>	<u>\$2,250.00</u>	<u>\$2,250.00</u>
• <u>Yearling</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$240.00</u>	<u>\$240.00</u>	<u>\$240.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$1,200.00</u>	<u>\$1,200.00</u>	<u>\$1,200.00</u>

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	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2000 (Current Fee)</u>	<u>Fee effective July 1, 2000</u>	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2001</u>
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$11.00</u>	<u>\$11.00</u>	<u>\$13.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>	<u>\$183.00</u>
<u>Bighorn Sheep</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>	<u>\$179.50</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$750.00</u>	<u>\$750.00</u>	<u>\$915.00</u>
<u>Buffalo</u>			
• <u>Adult Bulls or Any Buffalo</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$750.00</u>	<u>\$750.00</u>	<u>\$750.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$3,750.00</u>	<u>\$3,750.00</u>	<u>\$3,750.00</u>
• <u>Adult Cows</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$450.00</u>	<u>\$450.00</u>	<u>\$450.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$2,250.00</u>	<u>\$2,250.00</u>	<u>\$2,250.00</u>
<u>Yearling</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$240.00</u>	<u>\$240.00</u>	<u>\$240.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$1,200.00</u>	<u>\$1,200.00</u>	<u>\$1,200.00</u>
• <u>Yearling or Cow*</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$450.00</u>	<u>\$450.00</u>	<u>\$450.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$2,250.00</u>	<u>\$2,250.00</u>	<u>\$2,250.00</u>
<i>*Rulemaking pending. This category would be created effective Jan. 1, 2000. If not adopted, this category will not be contained in final rule.</i>	<i>See note at left</i>	<i>See note at left</i>	<i>See note at left</i>
<u>Deer and Archery Deer</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$14.50</u>	<u>\$14.50</u>	<u>\$17.50</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$75.50</u>	<u>\$75.50</u>	<u>\$108.50</u>
<u>Elk</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$60.00</u>	<u>\$60.00</u>	<u>\$71.50</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$300.00</u>	<u>\$300.00</u>	<u>\$366.00</u>

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	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2000 (Current Fee)</u>	<u>Fee effective July 1, 2000</u>	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2001</u>
<u>Javelina and Archery Javelina</u>			
• Resident	<u>\$9.50</u>	<u>\$9.50</u>	<u>\$11.00</u>
• Nonresident	<u>\$50.50</u>	<u>\$50.50</u>	<u>\$63.00</u>
<u>Mountain Lion</u>			
• Resident	<u>\$11.00</u>	<u>\$11.00</u>	<u>\$13.00</u>
• Nonresident	<u>\$150.00</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>	<u>\$183.00</u>
<u>Turkey and Archery Turkey</u>			
• Resident	<u>\$8.50</u>	<u>\$8.50</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>
• Nonresident	<u>\$50.50</u>	<u>\$50.50</u>	<u>\$66.50</u>
<u>Stamps and Special Use Permit Fees</u>			
<u>Arizona Colorado River Special Use Permit Stamp. For use by California fishing licensees, resident or nonresident.</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>
<u>Arizona Colorado River Special Use Permit Sstamp. Ffor use by Nevada fishing licensees, resident or nonresident.</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>
<u>Arizona Lake Powell Stamp. For use by resident Utah licensees.</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>
<u>Bobcat Permit Tag. For resident or nonresident.</u>	<u>\$2.00</u>	<u>\$2.00</u>	<u>\$2.00</u>
<u>State Waterfowl Stamp. Validates resident or nonresident Class F, G, or H license for ducks, geese, and swans.</u>	<u>\$5.50</u>	<u>\$7.50</u>	<u>\$7.50</u>
<u>State Migratory Bird Stamp, as prescribed in A.R.S. § 17-333.03. Resident or nonresident.</u>	<i>Not applicable.</i>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>
<u>Trout Stamp. When affixed to the back of the license, validates Class A license for trout.</u>			
• Resident	<u>\$10.00</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>	<u>\$12.50</u>
• Nonresident	<u>\$10.00</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>	<u>\$51.50</u>

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	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2000 (Current Fee)</u>	<u>Fee effective July 1, 2000</u>	<u>Fee effective January 1, 2001</u>
<u>Two-Pole Stamp. When affixed to the back of a Class A, B, C, D, E, F Pioneer or Urban fishing license, allows simultaneous fishing as defined in R12-4-101.</u>	<u>\$4.00</u>	<u>\$4.00</u>	<u>\$4.00</u>
<u>Other License Fees</u>			
<u>Falconer License</u>	<u>\$75.00</u>	<u>\$75.00</u>	<u>\$75.00</u>
<u>Field Trial License</u>	<u>\$5.00</u>	<u>\$5.00</u>	<u>\$5.00</u>
<u>Fur Dealer's License</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>
<u>Guide License</u>			
• <u>Resident or Nonresident</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>
<u>License Dealer's License</u>	<u>\$75.00</u>	<u>\$75.00</u>	<u>\$75.00</u>
<u>Minnow Dealer's License</u>	<u>\$30.00</u>	<u>\$30.00</u>	<u>\$30.00</u>
<u>Private Game Farm License</u>	<u>\$40.00</u>	<u>\$40.00</u>	<u>\$40.00</u>
<u>Shooting Preserve License</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>
<u>Taxidermist License</u>	<u>\$50.00</u>	<u>\$50.00</u>	<u>\$50.00</u>
<u>Trapping License</u>			
• <u>Resident</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>
• <u>Nonresident</u>	<u>\$50.00</u>	<u>\$50.00</u>	<u>\$50.00</u>
<u>Resident Juvenile</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>
<u>White Amur Stocking License</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>
<u>Wildlife Hobby License</u>	<u>\$5.00</u>	<u>\$5.00</u>	<u>\$5.00</u>
<u>Zoo License</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>
<u>Administrative Fees</u>			
<u>Duplicate Fee. Duplicates are not issued for Trout Stamps, Arizona Colorado River Special Use Permits, Arizona Colorado River Special Use Stamps, Arizona Lake Powell Stamps, State Migratory Bird Stamps, or State Waterfowl Stamps.</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>
<u>Permit Application Fee.</u>	<u>\$3.00</u>	<u>\$5.00</u>	<u>\$5.00</u>

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<u>Kaibab North Special Deer Hunting Permit, resident or nonresident</u>	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00
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R12-4-102. Fees for Licenses, Tags, Stamps, and Permits

A. The following fees for licenses, stamps, and tags established within maximum limits authorized by A.R.S. § 17-333(A), including surcharges authorized by A.R.S. § 17-345, shall be required at the time of application.

B. Hunting and fishing license fees:

1. Class A, general fishing license	Resident	\$12.00
	Nonresident	\$38.00
2. Class B, four-month fishing license	Nonresident	\$22.00
3. Class C, five-day fishing license	Nonresident	\$18.50
4. Class D, one-day fishing license	Resident or Nonresident	\$8.00
5. Class E, Colorado River only fishing license	Nonresident	\$32.50
6. Class F, Combination hunting and fishing license: Youth fee applies before and through calendar year of the applicant's 20th birthday	Resident Adult	\$34.00
	Resident or Nonresident Youth	\$18.00
	Nonresident Adult	\$100.00
7. Class G, general hunting license	Resident	\$18.00
	Nonresident	\$85.50
8. Class H, three-day hunting license	Nonresident	\$38.00
9. Resident youth group two-day fishing license		\$25.00
10. Urban fishing license	Resident or Nonresident	\$12.00

C. Big game tag fees:

1. Antelope tag	Resident	\$50.00
	Nonresident	\$250.00
2. Bear tag	Resident	\$11.00
	Nonresident	\$150.00
3. Bighorn sheep tag	Resident	\$150.00
	Nonresident	\$750.00
4. Buffalo permit tag		
a. Adult bulls or any buffalo	Resident	\$750.00
	Nonresident	\$3,750.00
b. Adult cows	Resident	\$450.00
	Nonresident	\$2,250.00
c. Yearling	Resident	\$240.00
	Nonresident	\$1,200.00
5. Deer tag and archery deer tag	Resident	\$14.50
	Nonresident	\$75.50
6. Elk tag	Resident	\$60.00
	Nonresident	\$300.00
7. Javelina tag and archery javelina tag	Resident	\$9.50
	Nonresident	\$50.50
8. Mountain lion tag	Resident	\$11.00
	Nonresident	\$150.00
9. Turkey tag and archery turkey tag	Resident	\$8.50
	Nonresident	\$50.50

D. Stamps and special use permit fees:

1. Arizona Colorado River special use permit stamp, for use by California fishing licensees	Resident or Nonresident	\$3.00
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| 2. | Arizona Colorado River special use stamp, for use by Nevada fishing licensees | Resident or Nonresident | \$3.00 |
| 3. | Arizona Lake Powell stamp, for use by resident Utah licensees | | \$3.00 |
| 4. | Bobcat permit tag (Effective 10-01-96) | | \$2.00 |
| 5. | Sandhill crane permit | Resident or Nonresident | \$5.00 |
| 6. | State waterfowl stamp, validates Class F, G, or H license for ducks, geese, and swans | Resident or Nonresident | \$5.50 |
| 7. | Trout stamp; when affixed to the back of the license, validates Class A license for trout | Resident or Nonresident | \$10.00 |
| 8. | Two-pole stamp; when affixed to the back of a Class A, B, C, D, E, F, pioneer or urban fishing license, allows simultaneous fishing as defined in R12-4-101. | Resident or Nonresident | \$4.00 |
| E. Other license fees: | | | |
| 1. | Falconer license | | \$75.00 |
| 2. | Field trial license | | \$5.00 |
| 3. | Fur dealer's license | | \$100.00 |
| 4. | Guide license | | |
| | Resident or Nonresident | | \$100.00 |
| 5. | License dealer's license | | \$75.00 |
| 6. | Minnow dealer's license | | \$30.00 |
| 7. | Private game farm license | | \$40.00 |
| 8. | Shooting preserve license | | \$100.00 |
| 9. | Taxidermist license | | \$50.00 |
| 10. | Trapping license (Effective 10-01-96) | | |
| | Resident | | \$10.00 |
| | Nonresident | | \$50.00 |
| | Resident juvenile | | \$10.00 |
| 11. | White amur stocking license | | \$100.00 |
| 12. | Wildlife hobby license | | \$5.00 |
| 13. | Zoo license | | \$100.00 |
| F. Administrative fees: | | | |
| 1. | Duplicate fee; duplicates are not issued for trout stamps, Arizona Colorado River special use permits, Arizona, Colorado River special use stamps, Arizona Lake Powell stamps, or State waterfowl stamps | | \$3.00 |
| 2. | Permit application fee | | \$3.00 |
| 3. | Kaibab North special deer hunting permit | | |
| | Resident or Nonresident | | \$5.00 |
| G. This rule is effective January 1, 1997. | | | |

ARTICLE 2. MISCELLANEOUS LICENSES AND PERMITS

R12-4-203. National Harvest Information Program (HIP)

- A.** An individual taking ducks, geese, swans, doves, band-tailed pigeons, snipe, coots, common moorhen, or blue grouse in the state of Arizona shall participate in the National Harvest Information Program. Participation requires:
1. A person taking ducks, geese, or swans shall have in possession an Arizona state waterfowl stamp, affixed to a Class F, G, or H, complimentary or lifetime license. The stamp expires on June 30 of each year.
 2. A person taking doves, band-tailed pigeons, snipe, coots, common moorhen, or blue grouse shall have in possession an Arizona state migratory bird stamp, affixed to a Class F, G, or H, complimentary or lifetime license. The stamp expires on June 30 of each year.
- B.** State waterfowl stamps and state migratory bird stamps shall be available annually from July 1 through March 10.
1. To obtain a state waterfowl stamp or state migratory bird stamp, a person shall pay the required fee to and complete and submit a HIP registration form to the license dealer or Department office. The HIP registration form shall include the person's name, mailing address, date of birth, and information on past and anticipated hunting activity.

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2. A license dealer shall submit HIP registration forms for all state waterfowl stamps and state migratory bird stamps sold with the monthly report required by A.R.S. § 17-338.

C. This rule is effective July 1, 2000.

~~R12-4-203. National Harvest Information Program (HIP)~~

~~A.~~ ~~An individual taking ducks, geese, doves, band-tailed pigeons, snipe, coots, common moorhen, or blue grouse shall have in possession either:~~

- ~~1. A Harvest Information Program (HIP) stamp, affixed to the back of a Class F, G, or H license; or~~
- ~~2. A Harvest Information Program code number, written in the designated space on the back of a Class F, G, or H license.~~

~~Class F, G, or H, complimentary or lifetime license for taking ducks, geese, and swans.~~

~~B.~~ ~~HIP stamps and code numbers are available from the Department annually from July 1 through March 10, and are valid from September 1 through March 10. To obtain the stamp or the code number, individuals shall provide their name, mailing address, date of birth, hunting license number, identification number (if available), and information regarding past and anticipated hunting activities. The HIP stamp or code number validates a license for taking band-tailed pigeons only if the individual indicates the intent to take band-tailed pigeons at the time of application.~~

- ~~1. Individuals may obtain a HIP stamp by providing the required information to the Department on a form available in the annual "Hunt Regulations" publication or available from any Department office.~~
- ~~2. Individuals may obtain a HIP code number by providing the required information by touch-tone telephone to a toll-free number available from the Department.~~

~~C.~~ ~~This rule is effective July 1, 1997.~~